

Governmental Affairs Report – June 2024 Board Meeting

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Governmental Affairs - Member Education, Outreach and Advocacy:

- Governmental Affairs Reports tracking/analyzing/reporting summary for current quarter (as of 5/29/24 reporting due date):
 - **Federal/State legislation: 569 bills**
(29% increase from March BOD meeting at 441 bills; and we've reached another record, having now exceeded the number of bills tracked for all of 2023 at only halfway through this year, and more than double the number of bills at this same time last year, putting us on track for another record year provided to members)
 - **Federal/State regulations: 44**
(458 regulations total in past year; most ever covered in a single year)
 - **Federal/State judicial cases: 13**
(119 cases total in past year; most ever covered in a single year)
 - **Content totals:** In this quarter, provided members with 33 pages of original Governmental Affairs Report content (with year-over-year total of 385 pages), in addition to the biweekly Bill Tracking Summary spreadsheets containing 70 pages of snap bill summaries and legislature weblinks for all 569 bills.
- **Legislative Matters** – Key bills including status updates since the March 2024 BOD meeting (see also the following “Governmental Affairs Bill Tracking & Reporting” summary spreadsheet with all active federal/state legislation tracking):
 - **Correction Instruments Legislation Coordination with the Texas Land Title Association.** (Update to March BOD Report) In late February, both AAPL Director of Governmental Affairs and Governmental Affairs Committee Chairman Mark DeVrient met with the Texas Land Title Association Director of Government Affairs and Counsel at their request to discuss possible correction instrument legislation in the next Texas legislative session. This issue arose from a 2021 Texas Supreme Court case, *Broadway National Bank v. Yates Energy Corp.*, which held that the Texas Property Code does not require that correction instruments be executed by a party's heirs, successors, or assigns if all of the original parties to the recorded instrument executed the correction, even if an original grantee of the instrument has since conveyed the interest that the correction deed is correcting. The issue, according to TLTA, is that requiring current property owners to monitor real property records for correction instruments filed by their predecessors would be especially burdensome. Since AAPL and TLTA worked well together in moving our Texas SB 604 bill forward last year, TLTA reached out to us at this early stage to see if AAPL and TLTA may be able to work together to advance a bill in the 2025 session. We are still researching the issue at the committee level, and its possible impacts on AAPL members and if our interests are aligned with TLTA.
- **Regulatory Matters:**
 - **AAPL Files Legal Brief with Texas Attorney General in Wind Leasing Licensing Request from the Texas Real Estate Commission.** (Update to March BOD Meeting) On Jan. 30, AAPL filed a legal brief with the Texas Attorney General in response to the Texas Real Estate Commission (TREC)

filing a formal request with the AG asking for a legal opinion as to whether those negotiating wind leases in Texas were required to hold a real estate license under state law. Immediately upon learning of TREC's request, AAPL Governmental Affairs sprang into action and created a plan for submitting our own brief. Upon approval by ExCom, AAPL contracted with outside counsel to expedite the filing before any positions potentially adverse to AAPL members could be solidified. Like other parties who submitted briefs, AAPL took the position that no such license is required and no such specific requirement is provided under the state code, relevant regulations, or judicial precedent. While TREC claimed their request was seeking to clarify a prior landowner dispute involving the negotiation of leases for a wind farm project, historically neither state regulators nor members of the Texas legislature have called for such licensing. In fact, the sponsor of AAPL's successful Texas bill SB 604 also submitted a brief arguing against such a requirement and cited AAPL's bill – which expanded landman exemptions for work in renewables and alternative energy – as support for that position. Texas AG Ken Paxton initially informed TREC that his opinion would be released by May 28, 2024, but the AG's office is still more than 100 legal opinions behind schedule and their office does have the discretion to extend timelines. Our attorney who filed the brief on AAPL's behalf, Wesley Lloyd of Freeman Mills in Fort Worth, is in the process of communicating with the AG's office to get a better sense of their timeline for completion, but as of this board reporting we should expect the AG opinion within the next 3-4 months.

- **Bureau of Land Management Fluid Mineral Leases and Leasing Process Final Rule.** In late April, AAPL Governmental Affairs provided members with access and comprehensive analysis of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) final rule, *Fluid Mineral Leases and Leasing Process*. Throughout 2023 we also provided members with multiple opportunities to comment on the proposed rule. The rule implements provisions of the Inflation Reduction Act pertaining to royalty rates, rentals, and minimum bids; updates the bonding requirements for leasing, development, and production; and revises some operating requirements. Specifically, the rule will increase royalty rates, rentals, and minimum bids for BLM-issued oil and gas leases and impose a fee for the submittal of an expression of interest for leasing Federal oil and gas. The BLM is also adjusting its cost recovery mechanisms so that project applicants provide a more appropriate share of the BLM's up-front costs for processing these applications. Finally, the BLM is implementing several changes to focus leasing on areas with fewer resource conflicts. Although the rule is slated to take effect June 22, 2024, we also reported that on May 14, Sen. Steve Daines (R-MT) was joined by 12 Republican cosponsors in introducing S.J. Res. 78, a Senate joint resolution disapproving of the rule and seeking to nullify it legislatively. According to Sen. Daines, the “new rule would significantly raise royalties, rates, minimum bids, costs and bonding requirements for oil and gas producers on federal lands making it virtually impossible for small energy producers to continue to operate.” Industry stakeholders, primarily the American Petroleum Institute and IPAA, also came out strongly against the rule, supporting efforts to stop the rule from taking effect.
- **Bureau of Land Management Rights-of-Way, Leasing, and Operations for Renewable Energy.** On May 1, AAPL Governmental Affairs reported that the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) finally released their final rule, *Rights-of-Way, Leasing, and Operations for Renewable Energy*, promoting renewable energy development on public lands, and which “updates procedures governing the BLM's renewable energy and right-of-way programs, focusing on two main

topics.” The first topic is solar and wind energy generation rents and fees, implementing new authority from the Energy Act of 2020 to reduce acreage rental rates and capacity fees, or both, for existing and new wind and solar authorizations. The second topic is expanding agency discretion to simplify the application process for solar and wind energy generation rights-of-way inside leasing areas. Our coverage of this rulemaking, which is effective July 1, 2024, dates back to 2021 when the BLM initially began holding renewable energy stakeholder listening sessions and public feedback opportunities which we made available to AAPL members.

- **Federal Trade Commission Rule Bans Most Non-Compete Agreements.** In late April, AAPL Governmental Affairs announced that the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) issued a new rule “to prohibit employers from enforcing non-competes against workers.” We provided members with comprehensive analysis of the 570-page rule, fact sheets, and access to multiple legal sources for a deeper dive and easy understanding of the rule and its impacts. This follows our coverage of the issue since January 2023 during the proposal phase which provided members with opportunities to submit public comment and make their voices heard. According to the FTC, “non-competes are an unfair method of competition and therefore violate the Federal Trade Commission Act.” In short, the final rule will prohibit companies from entering into new non-competes and from enforcing existing non-competes with workers other than senior executives. The rule also applies to independent contractors. However, almost immediately after the rule release, the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, and other business groups, filed suit against the FTC in federal court in which the litigants argue that the rule is “not only unlawful but also a blatant power grab that will undermine American businesses’ ability to remain competitive.” The Chamber said, “Since its inception over 100 years ago, the FTC has never been granted the constitutional and statutory authority to write its own competition rules. Non-compete agreements are either upheld or dismissed under well-established state laws governing their use.” Additional legal challenges are expected, and although the rule is slated to take effect on September 4, 2024, one or more of these lawsuits might delay or overturn the rule so we will continue to keep AAPL members informed of any updates.
- **U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Releases Final Public Company Climate Disclosure Rule.** After covering, analyzing, and making the public comment process available to AAPL members for nearly two years, on March 6, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) finally issued their climate disclosure rule for public companies, nearly a year later than scheduled. AAPL Governmental Affairs provided members with access to the 800+ page rule, comprehensive analysis, fact sheets, and legal articles distilling the components of the rule into easily understandable summaries. The rule, once implemented in 2025, will require public companies to provide certain climate-related disclosures as part of their public filings. Those disclosures include climate-related risks; identification, oversight, and management of such risks; the impact of those risks on the business; climate-related targets and goals; data relating to a company’s greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions; and climate-related costs, expenditures, charges, and losses, and impacts on financial statement estimates. One positive outcome of the rulemaking and public comment process of which AAPL was involved was that the SEC removed “Scope 3” emissions disclosures from the final rule. These disclosures were included in the proposed rule but received significant pushback from industry stakeholders. That requirement, had it been included, would have required public companies to also disclose “indirect GHG emissions from upstream and

downstream activities” in a company’s supply chain – a burdensome requirement that would have been both costly and nearly impossible to obtain with sufficient accuracy and could have led to enforcement and penalty actions against public oil and gas companies in particular. Additionally, the final rule scaled back certain governance disclosures that would have mandated specific corporate structures or risk-management methodologies in an unprecedented way. Finally, industry pushback led the SEC to adopt a lengthy phase-in period with no immediate disclosure reporting. AAPL Governmental Affairs also reported on multiple legal actions challenging the rule, including 22 attorneys general filing lawsuits in multiple federal courts asserting the SEC exceeded its regulatory authority with this first-ever disclosure rule. We also reported on efforts by Congressional lawmakers to nullify the rule at the legislative level. And in a positive development, in the middle of March, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit paused the rule amid litigation which could significantly delay or overturn the rule entirely.

- **U.S. Department of Energy Launches Geothermal Plan Pathway; Access to Energy Development Resources.** In late March, AAPL Governmental Affairs provided members with the U.S. Department of Energy’s (DOE) launch of its pathway program to promote geothermal power development. We provided members with the DOE’s comprehensive geothermal energy development report which detailed planning, funding, and development opportunities AAPL members could access. Additionally, we provided members with information and access to informational seminars, webinar programs, and access to grantmaking and funding resources to make their prospective investments in geothermal energy development at the federal and state levels as seamless and easy as possible.
- **Texas Railroad Commission Strategic Plan; Opportunity for Public Comment.** In late March, AAPL Governmental Affairs provided members with the Texas Railroad Commission’s Oil and Gas Division Monitoring and Enforcement Strategic Plan. The Railroad Commission’s announcement launched a public comment and feedback period from industry stakeholders in their development of the annual Oil and Gas Division Monitoring and Enforcement Strategic Plan. The plan will include oil and gas monitoring and inspections, as well as some information related to oil and gas well plugging and remediation. We wanted to ensure that AAPL members operating in Texas were able to influence the regulatory and planning process as early as possible to have a say in the rules and procedures that affect them during the coming year.
- **EPA Waste Emissions Charge Rulemaking; Opportunity to Submit Feedback and Attend Informational Sessions.** In late February/early March, AAPL Governmental Affairs provided members with access to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) informational webinars on their proposed regulation to implement the Waste Emissions Charge (WEC) for Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems in addition to our continuing coverage and analysis of the related rulemaking. For background, in January, EPA proposed a regulation to implement the WEC, which would assess a charge on certain large emitters of waste methane from the oil and gas sector that exceeds emissions intensity levels set by Congress. At that time, we provided members with numerous supporting documents, fact sheets, and analysis of the program and implementation. The EPA WEC program, which was mandated under the 2022 Inflation Reduction Act, seeks to “incentivize adoption of industry best practices that reduce pollution.” The EPA will administer the charge, or tax, on methane emissions over 25,000 metric tons of CO₂ equivalent per year from petroleum and natural gas facilities where exemptions don’t exist. The WEC starts at \$900

per metric ton for 2024 reported methane emissions, increasing to \$1,200 per metric ton for 2025 emissions, and \$1,500 per metric ton for emissions years 2026 and later. At the time of the EPA's initial draft release in 2023, AAPL Governmental Affairs provided members with the proposed rule, detailed fact sheets, analysis resources, and access to submit public comments directly to the EPA. AAPL also provided members with ongoing opportunities to attend EPA rulemaking webinars this past spring. AAPL Governmental Affairs also attended a day-long EPA public hearing on the rulemaking for an in-depth overview of the regulatory process, timelines, and implementation goals. Final regulations are slated for the third or fourth quarter of 2024 and are also expected to be met with numerous legal challenges.

- **EPA Issues Final Methane Emissions Reporting Rule.** AAPL Governmental Affairs reported that on May 6, 2024, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued their final rule, *Greenhouse Gas Reporting Rule: Revisions and Confidentiality Determinations for Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems*, “to strengthen, expand, and update methane emissions reporting requirements for petroleum and natural gas systems under EPA's Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program,” as required by the Inflation Reduction Act. According to the EPA, the rule “will ensure greater transparency and accountability for methane pollution from oil and natural gas facilities by improving the accuracy of annual emissions reporting from these operations” and “will dramatically improve the quality of emissions data reported from oil and natural gas operations, with provisions that improve the quantification of methane emissions, incorporate advances in methane emissions measurement technology, and streamline compliance with other EPA regulations. For the first time, EPA is allowing for the use of advanced technologies such as satellites to help quantify emissions in subpart W. In addition, EPA is finalizing new methodologies that allow for the use of empirical data for quantifying emissions, including options added in response to public comments on the proposed rule.” After receiving industry pushback, the EPA will also allow for the optional use of previously accept empirical data calculation methodologies. And in addition to our extensive coverage of this rulemaking in the proposal stage, plus our partnership with the Western Energy Alliance in submitting comprehensive public comments in 2023, we also provided members with opportunities to attend EPA Q&A and feedback sessions to have a greater voice in the rule implementation.
- **Wyoming Unauthorized Practice of Law Protections.** (*Update to March BOD Meeting*) As an update to the March 2024 BOD meeting, AAPL Governmental Affairs, in coordination with the Governmental Affairs Committee, is currently working with Wyoming stakeholders to update the Unauthorized Practice of Law regulations in Wyoming to reflect the full breadth and scope of landwork and protections that we achieved in Texas last year. Part of those efforts has included bringing together experienced stakeholders such as AAPL Past President, Marc Strahn, CPL, as well as AAPL member Lindsey Stinson who also serves on the Professional Land Management Advisory Board at the University of Wyoming School of Energy Resources, Adam Sarvey, President of the Wyoming Association of Professional Landmen, and leadership at the Petroleum Association of Wyoming. In Wyoming, these amendments need to be made through the State Bar and not the legislature, and that process has begun to submit a petition to the Bar in 2024. We are working in a grassroots effort to eliminate the cost of hiring a lobbyist, saving AAPL additional funds.

- **Legal, Judicial, and Amicus Briefs:**

- **Amicus Brief Request:** In mid-March, we received a request for an amicus brief from AAPL member Wes Perry at PBEX, LLC. The case, *PBEX II, LLC v. Dorchester Minerals, L.P.* (Texas Court of Appeals, Seventh District, Amarillo), on petition for review to the Texas Supreme Court, involved adverse possession by a non-operating working interest owner, and on appeal posed the question as to whether non-operating working interest rights in an oil and gas lease can be adversely possessed. AAPL declined to proceed due to party conflicts. For background, both the trial and appellate courts held that non-operating working interest rights in an oil and gas lease can be adversely possessed because as here, the party “performed these functions of a working interest owner for more than the required twenty-five years under the adverse possession statute” and the opposing party had ample time and knowledge to bring suit for many years but never did. When AAPL Governmental Affairs first ran a party conflict check upon receiving this request, we realized AAPL had numerous members on both sides of the case. As always, in such situations, requests have been denied out of hand otherwise AAPL as an organization would be taking a legal position adverse to other AAPL members. This policy is in conformity with the AAPL Amicus Brief Evaluation Policy/Procedure as detailed in the AAPL Policy and Procedure Manual, and here, the Amicus Brief Evaluation Committee, consisting of the AAPL President, First Vice President, Immediate Past President, and Acting Executive Vice President, all voted unanimously not to proceed.

- **Member and Strategic Communications:**

- **Member and Association Communications – Congressional Hearings.** During this quarter, we provided members with a full slate of relevant congressional hearings with additional analysis, access to video recordings, and complete witness and lawmaker testimony through AAPLConnect postings, email blasts, and Governmental Affairs Report coverage. Key among them were:
 - U.S. Senate Energy & Natural Resources Committee Hearing “to Examine the Opportunities and Challenges Associated with Developing Geologic Hydrogen in the United States,” the purpose of which was to “ensure the United States continues to lead the world in advanced energy technologies by using all of our abundant resources in the cleanest way possible” and with the Department of Energy testifying that domestic hydrogen demand will increase tenfold by 2030 and has the potential to decarbonize up to 25% of global energy emissions while promoting new economic opportunities and creating over 100,000 new jobs (2/29/24);
 - U.S. House Natural Resources Committee Hearing on Federal Energy Legislation, specifically, the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources held a legislative hearing on multiple energy bills pending in Congress: H.R. 6482: “Enhancing Geothermal Production on Federal Lands Act” (Amends the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 to promote timely exploration for geothermal resources under geothermal leases); H.R. 7370, “Geothermal Energy Opportunity Act” (to establish a deadline for processing applications related to geothermal leasing); H.R. 7375 (to amend the Mineral Leasing Act to improve the assessment of expression of interest fees); H.R. 7377, “Royalty Resiliency Act” (amends the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management

Act to ensure the federal government collects royalties only on resources that have been recovered from federally-managed lands); H.R. 7409, “Harnessing Energy At Thermal Sources Act” or the “HEATS Act” (would speed up U.S. energy production by streamlining geothermal energy infrastructure development and production; would expedite geothermal energy production by clarifying that geothermal operators do not need a federal drilling permit for wells that are on state and private lands where the subsurface geothermal estate is less than 50% federal. While operators would be exempt from federal permitting requirements, they would still be subject to state permitting regulations); and H.R. 7422, “Geothermal Cost-Recovery Authority Act of 2024” (To amend the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 to provide cost-recovery authority for the Department of the Interior; allows for cost recovery from geothermal leasing, permitting, and inspections); testifying industry witnesses included Dan Naatz, IPAA Chief Operating Officer, on H.R. 7375 and H.R. 7377 (3/6/24);

- U.S. House Committee on Natural Resources Hearing on Extreme Environmental Activist Groups in the U.S. Department of the Interior, specifically, the Natural Resources Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee examined the influence of extreme environmental activist groups on policymaking in the Interior Department and focused on the following key messages: (1) how the Biden administration is beholden to activist nonprofit, non-governmental organizations aligned with leftist social and environmental justice agendas; (2) those groups’ growing influence in the federal rulemaking process occurring outside the public eye; and (3) under Secretary Haaland, the Interior Department has cultivated intimate and potentially improper relationships with radical groups driving the Biden administration’s extreme environmental agenda (4/30/24);
- U.S. Senate Committee on Energy & Natural Resources Hearing on Electric Demand Growth, to “Examine the Opportunities, Risks, and Challenges Associated with Growth in Demand for Electric Power in the United States,” and with Committee Chairman Joe Manchin (D-WV) stressing the importance of traditional energy sources, such as natural gas, in securing an abundant and reliable electrical grid, rather than “killing coal or stopping natural gas generation,” which are “essential for reliability” or making it “harder and harder to permit and build new energy infrastructure and connect new generation to the grid” (5/21/24)
- **Expanded Bill Tracking Summaries.** (*Update to March BOD Meeting*) This reporting quarter, like all of 2023 and early 2024, continues to be one of the most active legislative periods for AAPL, due to many state legislatures affecting AAPL members and the energy industry generally back in session, such as California, Colorado, Idaho, Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Utah, West Virginia, and Wyoming, among others. To that end, we expanded coverage in the AAPL Governmental Affairs Reports at critical bill stages as well as supplemented our usual monthly AAPL Bill Tracking Summary spreadsheets with biweekly updates for members in addition to the regular monthly updates. This included expanded member communications through the AAPLConnect discussion forums as well as Basecamp postings for leadership and committee members to always have the latest bill status at their fingertips. This quarter, we also began our prep for next year by monitoring and reporting on pre-session

hearings and bill pre-files for sessions commencing in 2025. This early-stage work ensures AAPL members are informed about legislation prior to introduction to shape and influence bill outcomes.

- **Governmental Affairs Outreach and Education:**

- **Skills Training and Education Events.** Participated in multiple government relations, congressional, and skills training webinars and industry education events in this quarter, such as Gibson Dunn law firm's webinar, *SEC Climate Disclosure Final Rule*, discussing key aspects of the final rule, what companies need to prioritize in order to prepare for compliance, key implementation challenges, and the prospects for litigation (3/12/24); Oliva Gibbs LLP law firm's *2024 Oil Market Outlook*, discussing the current and future state of the oil sector (3/27/24); Steptoe & Johnson's Alternative & Renewable Energy Webinar Series, *Solar Horizons: Policy Updates and Hot Topics*, covering solar energy policy at both the federal and state levels, with experts exploring issues including legislative trends (4/8/24); Oliva Gibbs LLP law firm's webinar, *Washout and Adverse Possession*, covering recent legal rulings affecting non-operating lessees and addressing lease terminations without a Joint Operating Agreement (5/15/24); and Oliva Gibbs LLP law firm's *Fixed and Floating Non-Participating Royalty Interest Issues in Texas and Ohio*, comparing and contrasting recent case law involving this often-litigated area (5/29/24).

Note: See the following pages and/or provided QR code for the "Governmental Affairs Bill Tracking & Reporting" summary spreadsheet reflecting the most current federal/state legislation tracking for the 2024 sessions as of this BOD meeting.



Governmental Affairs Bill Tracking & Reporting (2024 Session)

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
Alabama 2/6/24-5/20/24	Access all bills: https://alison.legislature.state.al.us/bill-search?tab=1				
✓	HB 327/ SB 230	R	Provides that the possessory right to pore space below surface real property is vested in the surface owners and may be separately conveyed; provides the circumstances under which a proposed carbon dioxide storage facility may receive the State Oil and Gas Board's approval to operate; Board may amalgamate storage rights for a carbon dioxide storage facility under certain circumstances; creates the Underground Carbon Dioxide Storage Facility Administrative Fund to be used by the board in monitoring and regulating active storage facilities; creates the Underground Carbon Dioxide Storage Facility Trust Fund to be used by the board in long-term monitoring and management of closed storage facilities; provides for the issuance of a certificate of project closure and completion by the board to a carbon dioxide storage facility operator and the certificate's implications; would authorize the Commissioner of Conservation and Natural Resources to lease pore space of certain state lands for underground storage of carbon dioxide	HB 327 enacted 5/9/24; Eff. 10/1/24	O&G
✓	SB 289	R	Regarding notaries public, recognizes that licensed professionals may notarize documents as part of their profession	Enacted 5/8/24; Eff. 10/1/24	Both
✓	SB 247	R	Renames the existing Alabama Department of Labor as the Alabama Department of Workforce (ADOW) and designate the head of the department as the Secretary of Workforce	Enacted 4/25/24; Eff. 10/1/24	Both
Alaska 1/16/24- 5/15/24	Access all bills: http://www.akleg.gov/basis/Home/BillsandLaws				
	HB 49	R	Establishes a statewide carbon offset program within the Department of Natural Resources. The proposed offset program has the potential to generate an additional revenue stream for the State of Alaska through biologic carbon storage projects that can mitigate a portion of the carbon dioxide emitted by activities around the State, nation, and world. This offset program will allow private parties to lease state land in order to undertake carbon offset and management programs and would allow the Department of Natural Resources to implement its own carbon offset projects on State lands	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	HB 50/ SB 49	R	Would create the Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage Act and provide for carbon capture, storage and the related regulatory implementation	HB 50 passed both	O&G
	HB 223	R	Would provide reduced royalty for qualifying new oil or gas production in Cook Inlet; reduced royalty would be based on determination of the Commissioner of the Department of Natural Resources and would apply to new fields beginning production after January 1, 2024, previously producing fields that did not produce in 2024, or production from new wells brought into production on or after January 1, 2025, if the oil or gas produced by those wells could not be economically produced from existing wells; for qualifying production, the State royalty for gas would be reduced to zero and the royalty for oil would be reduced to 50 percent of the minimum fixed royalty rate; the reduced royalty would end after the earlier of 10 years after commencement of production after July 1, 2024, or the date that a commercial quantity of oil or gas is shipped out of the Cook Inlet sedimentary basin	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 276	R	Relating to temporarily reduced royalty on oil and gas from pools without previous commercial sales in the Cook Inlet sedimentary basin	In committee	O&G
	HJR 20/ SJR 18	R	Joint resolution urging withdrawal of proposed Bureau of Land Management regulations affecting the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska; and urging meaningful engagement with tribes, local governments, and affected communities	HJR 20 passed both; to Gov.	O&G
	SB 69	R	Would provide the Department of Natural Resources Division of Oil & Gas with tools to support the development of state geothermal resources, much as it currently does with the development of petroleum resources. Geothermal resources refer to the natural heat of the earth and energy in whatever form it may be extracted. While current law authorizes permits of such resources on state land, its limits and conditions make the program unattractive to industry	In committee	O&G
	SB 194	R	Relating to temporarily reduced royalty on oil and gas from pools without previous commercial sales in the Cook Inlet sedimentary basin	In committee	O&G
	SJR 19	R	Join resolution supporting trade policies for the United States that hold China, Russia, and other countries accountable, reward leadership in clean production standards, reward superior environmental performance, support economic development, and support the rebuilding of supply chains in the United States	In committee	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
Arizona 1/18/24- 4/20/24	Access all bills: https://apps.azleg.gov/BillStatus/BillOverview?SessionID=122				
X	HB 2023	R	Modifies the information required to be included in an affidavit of disclosure and related procedures regarding land divisions	Passed House; Died in Senate	Both
X	HB 2101	R	Requires an application to split a parcel of land to be approved if the applicant provides an answer to two questions regarding the applicant's ownership status of any property that is in the same tax parcel map or subdivision as the lots that are the subject of the application	Passed House; Died in Senate	Both
X	HB 2176	R	Prohibiting land ownership by foreign entities	Died in House	Both
X	HB 2439	R	Prohibits, as of the effective date of this legislation, conveying land in this state to a foreign entity	Died in House	Both
X	HB 2588	R	Makes various changes relating to notary public requirements including identification requirements for documents to be recorded	Passed House; Died in Senate	Both
X	HB 2865	R	Establishes the State Natural Resource Conservation Board and transfers oversight of natural resource conservation districts from the State Land Commissioner to the Board; makes appropriations	Passed House; Died in Senate	Both
✓	HCM 2004	R	Urges Congress to enact legislation that requires the federal government give to a state or county one acre of federal land for every acre the federal government reserves from the respective state or county	Adopted 4/1/24	Both
X	HCM 2006	R	Urges Congress to enact legislation that prohibits the federal government from acquiring additional land from Arizona without permission from Congress, the Arizona State Legislature and the impacted counties	Died in Senate	Both
✓	HCM 2007	R	Urges the President of the United States to rescind or revoke the designation of the Grand Canyon National Monument, and to oppose the designation of any federal or mineral withdrawal that seeks to limit activities in the Arizona Strip	Adopted 4/1/24	Both
✓	SB 1079	R	Allows the Arizona State Land Department to accept bids offered through electronic means during a public auction	Enacted w/o Gov. signature	Both
X	SB 1229	D	Would prohibit horizontal hydraulic fracturing	Died in Senate	O&G
X	SCR 1022	R	Subject to voter approval, constitutionally delegates to the Arizona Legislature and the people, through the power of initiative (10 percent of the qualified electors shall have the right to propose any measure, and 15 percent shall have the right to propose any amendment to the Arizona Constitution), the ability to enact laws concerning the practice of law	Died in Senate	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
Arkansas 4/10/24-5/9/24	Access all bills: https://www.arkleg.state.ar.us/				
	None				
California 1/3/24-8/31/24	Access all bills: http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billSearchClient.xhtml				
	AB 1866	D	Amends the Idle Well Management program by eliminating the schedule of fees for idle wells, including all fees for deposit into the fund, and would instead require, on or before July 1, 2025, the operator of any idle well to file a plan with the State Oil and Gas Supervisor to provide for the management and elimination of all idle wells; requires the operator to consider specified factors when prioritizing idle wells for testing or plugging and abandonment; also requires operators to restore the surface of the well pad to as near a natural state as practicable if there are no remaining unplugged wells on the well pad, or to a condition suitable for alternative use if approved by the division; makes an operator who fails to comply with the plan subject to penalties; revises the provision requiring operators to eliminate a specified percentage of long-term idle wells by making it applicable to all idle wells and by increasing the existing minimum percentages of idle wells that operators would be required to eliminate each year from 4% to 10%, from 5% to 15%, and from 6% to 20%	Passed Assembly; to Senate	O&G
	AB 1928	R	Would repeal the 3-part "ABC test" for independent contractor analysis and restore a more permissive independent contractor test (<i>Note: has little chance of advancing in Democrat run legislature</i>)	In committee	Both
	AB 2716	D	Regarding low-production wells, would impose a \$10,000-per-day fine on oil companies for operating wells that produce fewer than 15 barrels of oil per day within a 3,200-foot radius of most occupied buildings	Passed Assembly; to Senate	O&G
	AB 3155	D	This bill would, after January 1, 2025, make an operator or owner of an oil or gas production facility or well with a wellhead presumptively, jointly and severally liable for a respiratory ailment in a senior or child, a preterm birth or high-risk pregnancy suffered by a pregnant person, and a person's cancer diagnosis if specified requirements are met, including the senior, child, pregnant person, or person diagnosed with cancer domiciled more than 24 cumulative months in a health protection zone, as defined, and was diagnosed after January 1, 2025. The bill would authorize certain affirmative defenses to be available to the operator or owner of an oil or gas production facility or well with a wellhead. Bill authorizes the	In committee	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			Attorney General, a district attorney, a county counsel, or a city attorney to bring a civil action under the law and provides for penalties		
	AB 3233	D	Authorizes a local entity, by ordinance, to limit or prohibit oil and gas operations or development in its jurisdiction, notwithstanding any other law or any notice of intention, supplemental notice, well stimulation permit, or similar authorization issued by the CalGEM supervisor or district deputy	Passed Assembly; to Senate	O&G
	SB 556	D	Makes an operator or owner of an oil or gas production facility or well presumptively liable for certain medical conditions and injuries where certain conditions are met, including that the injured party resided within 3,200 feet of the defendant's facility for at least two years	In committee	O&G
	SB 559	D	Regarding offshore oil and gas leasing, would require, before or upon the publication of the cost study, the commission to seek to initiate negotiations with the lessees for the active oil and gas leases in state waters, with the goal of reaching an agreement for the voluntary relinquishment of the leases and termination of all oil and gas production associated with these leases; requires if the commission is unable to reach an agreement with the lessees that results in voluntary relinquishments of the leases on or before December 31, 2026, the commission to terminate the leases and provide fair compensation, as determined through the cost study, if warranted, to the lessees; bill describes fair compensation for these purposes; also requires lessees to plug and abandon all oil and gas wells, decommission pipelines, offshore platforms, and attendant production facilities, and restore the tidelands and submerged lands in compliance with the requirements of the applicable law	In committee	O&G
	SB 979	R	Requires the supervisor or district deputy to provide a written response to a well operator within 10 working days from the date of receipt of the notice of intention to deepen, re-drill, plug or permanently alter well casing	In committee	O&G
	SB 988	D	Freelance Worker Protection Act. Would impose minimum requirements regarding freelance workers	Passed Senate; to Assembly	Both
	SB 1087	R	Would require a determination of where the state's oil imports are coming from and conduct a study to determine how much pollution and greenhouse gas emissions result from oil imports	In committee	O&G
	SB 1237	D	Would generally replace the term "natural gas" with the term "methane" throughout all of the state's codes. Because some natural gas is not methane and some methane is not natural gas, the bill	In committee	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			would authorize the expenditure of continuously appropriated moneys for new purposes, thereby making an appropriation, and would also change the applicability of various charges, and the purposes for which revenues from those charges may be used		
	SB 1301	D	Would require natural gas utilities corporations to make available to the Public Utilities Commission all data required by the Commission to develop interactive hydraulic models and hydraulic feasibility analyses	Passed Senate; to Assembly	O&G
	SB 1304	D	This bill revises the state process for submission of a Class II Underground Injection Control program aquifer exemption proposal to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, including requiring the State Water Resources Control Board to make the submission following an environmental review in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act	Passed Senate; to Assembly	O&G
	SB 1433	D	This bill establishes the Gravity-Based Energy Storage Well Pilot Program until January 1, 2034, and authorizes the State Oil and Gas Supervisor to authorize the conversion of oil and gas wells for use as gravity-based energy storage wells, as defined, in order to evaluate their use to safely generate energy	Passed Senate; to Assembly	O&G
	SJR 12	D	This measure would urge the President of the United States and the United States Congress to modify bankruptcy rules to provide, in the event of liquidation and termination of oil and gas leases under the United States Bankruptcy Code, that priority is given to plug and abandonment and restoration obligations, to protect the environment, over all secured creditor claims	In committee	O&G
Colorado 1/10/24-5/8/24	Access all bills: https://leg.colorado.gov/bills				
	HB24-1029	R	Would prohibit a nonresident foreign citizen, foreign entity, or foreign government of the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, or any country determined by the United States secretary of state to be a state sponsor of terrorism from acquiring a controlling ownership share in agricultural land, mineral rights, or water rights in the state	In committee	Both
✓	HB24-1056	R	The bill changes requirements and processes for issuing treasurer's deeds	Enacted 5/10/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
	HB24-1065	R	Would reduce both the individual and the corporate state income tax rates	In committee	Both
✓	HB24-1134	D	Amends tax law by repealing obsolete provisions concerning the corporate income tax; and making	Enacted 5/14/24;	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			the state's corporate income tax more uniform compared to other states by replacing the current combined reporting standard with the multistate tax commission's standard and modifying the computation of the receipts factor to make it more congruent with the unitary business principle	Multiple eff. dates	
	HB24-1330	D	Concerning modifications of processes to obtain permits for activities that impact air quality, sets certain requirements for regulators evaluating a permit application for an emitting source that includes an oil and gas system; sets requirements for granting of permits for certain proposed sources in a nonattainment area; requiring that an oil and gas operator obtain a permit from regulator before making a final determination on an oil and gas permit application	In committee	O&G
	HB24-1338	D	Concerning measures to advance environmental justice by reducing cumulative impacts of air pollution, and, in connection therewith, making an appropriation	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G
✓	HB24-1346	D	Concerning energy and carbon management regulation in Colorado, broadening the Energy and Carbon Management Commission's regulatory authority to include regulation of direct air capture facilities and geologic storage operations	Enacted 5/21/24; Multiple effective dates	O&G
	HB24-1359	D	Concerning measures to increase public knowledge of hazardous chemicals released through oil and gas operation	In committee	O&G
	HB24-1367	D	Would repeal the severance tax exemption for stripper wells	In committee	O&G
✓	HB24-1370	D	Concerning measures to reduce the cost of use of natural gas infrastructure, and, in connection therewith, making an appropriation.	Enacted 5/22/24; Multiple eff. dates	O&G
	SB24-025	D	Concerning local government sales and use taxes administered by the department of revenue, and in connection therewith, revising, modernizing, and harmonizing various state statues relating to the state-administration of local sales and use tax into one uniform statute	Passed Senate; to House	Both
✓	SB24-126	D/R	Concerning the conservation easement income tax credit, and, in connection therewith, extending the conservation easement oversight commission and the certified holder program indefinitely, increasing the limit on conservation easement income tax credits available to donors in one calendar year, allowing multiple transfers of conservation easement income tax credits, and making an appropriation	Enacted 5/20/24; Multiple effective dates	Both
	SB24-144	R	Regarding the calculation of the actual value of certain real property used for the purpose of establishing a base valuation for valuation for	In committee	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			assessment for the 2025 property reassessment cycle, setting a limit on the percentage by which the actual value of most classes of real property may increase		
	SB24-159	D	Concerning modifications to processes to further protect public health in energy and carbon management, would cease issuing new oil and gas permits before January 1, 2030, which rules must include certain reductions in the total number of oil and gas wells covered by new permits issued in 2028 and 2029; also requires the commission to include as a condition in any permit issued after July 1, 2024, that certain operations must commence on or before December 31, 2032, as to each oil and gas well included in the permit; provides for mitigation of adverse environmental impacts resulting from oil and gas operations	In committee	O&G
	SB24-165	D	Concerning measures to reduce emissions of air pollutants that negatively impact air quality, oil and gas operator in the state is required to submit an oil and natural gas annual emission inventory report to regulator that includes, for the previous calendar year, the emissions of certain air pollutants from oil and gas operations under the control of the oil and gas operator; for ozone season of the subsequent year, an oil and gas operator that controls oil and gas operations in the covered nonattainment area must submit a report to regulator estimating emissions of nitrogen oxides from the oil and gas operator's operations in the covered nonattainment area (estimates); regulators must act to limit emissions of nitrogen oxides from oil and gas operations in the covered nonattainment area in a manner that prevents an exceedance of the current year's budget	In committee	O&G
✓	SB24-185	D	Concerning protections for unleased mineral interest owners in the pooling of mineral interests by the Colorado Energy and Carbon Management Commission providing conditions, requirements, and procedures	Enacted 5/22/24; Eff. 90 days post session adjournment	O&G
✓	SB24-214	D	Creates a new Office of Sustainability, modifies the Geothermal Energy Grant Program and Energy Code Board administration, clarifies some existing tax credits, and makes an adjustment to the flow of money between funds to pay for administrative expenses for various tax credits, establishes energy efficiency standards for certain construction projects, commissions a study on heat pumps, modifies an existing heat pump tax credit, and requires voluntary electricity rates for utility customers who use heat pumps. It also extends deadlines, scope of grant funding, and appropriations for various climate-related programs	Enacted 5/17/24; Multiple eff. dates	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
✓	SB24-228	D	Provides for a Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) refund for returning excess state revenue to taxpayers, dropping the 4.4% individual income tax rate temporarily to 4.25% for 2024	Enacted 5/10/24; Multiple eff. dates	Both
✓	SB24-229	D	Limits pollutant emissions from oil and gas operations, modifies how the Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) and the Energy and Carbon Management Commission (ECMC) in the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) enforce air quality requirements, requires CDPHE to publish additional enforcement reports, establishes community liaisons in the ECMC, and allows for the plugging of marginal oil and gas wells	Enacted 5/17/24; Multiple eff. dates	O&G
✓	SB24-230	D	Creates new oil and gas production fees to be used to expand transit service, frequency, ridership, and fund passenger rail projects, as well as to fund wildlife and land remediation services. The fees are collected by two existing state enterprises, the Clean Transit Enterprise in the Department of Transportation (CDOT) and the Colorado Parks and Wildlife (CPW) in the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and administered by the Department of Revenue (DOR). Revenue from the fees is exempt from TABOR [Taxpayer's Bill of Rights] as enterprise revenue, except for a small portion retained by the DOR for its administrative costs	Enacted 5/17/24; Multiple eff. dates	O&G
✓	SB24-233	D	Provides for residential and commercial property valuation reductions and property tax revenue limits	Enacted 5/14/24; Multiple eff. dates	Both
Florida 1/9/24-3/8/24 Access all bills: https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Bills/bills.aspx					
	SB 356	R	Regarding notaries public, requiring that certain notarial certificates contain the printed names of specified individuals; prohibiting a notary public from falsely notarizing the signature of a person who is not in that notary public's presence, either in person or online; deleting a provision that prohibits a notary public from notarizing a signature on a document of a person who is not, at the time of the notarial act, physically present or present by means of audio-video communication technology and that provides civil penalties; requiring a notary public to keep at least one tangible journal; requiring the Department of State to retain jurisdiction over the journal records for a specified timeframe for a certain purpose	In committee	Both
✓	SB 1624/ HB 1645	R	Updates state law to provide that "the purpose of the state's energy policy is to ensure an adequate and reliable supply of energy for the state in a	HB 1645 enacted	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			manner that promotes the health and welfare of the public and economic growth. The Legislature intends that governance of the state’s energy policy be efficiently directed toward achieving this purpose” and removing references to reducing greenhouse gas emissions; state government will no longer be required to consider climate change when crafting energy policy; repeals state grant programs that encourage energy conservation and renewable energy; deletes requirements that state agencies use climate-friendly products and purchase fuel-efficient vehicles; prevents any municipality from restricting the type of fuel that can be used in an appliance, such as a gas stoves; bans offshore wind energy generation/facilities within one mile of state coastline	5/15/24; Eff. 7/1/24	
Idaho 1/8/24-3/29/24					
Access all bills: https://legislature.idaho.gov/sessioninfo/					
✓	HB 402	R	Amends existing law to remove and revise provisions regarding class II injection wells	Enacted 3/11/24; Eff. 60 days after session adjourn	O&G
	HB 434	R	Clarifies that leases, land use permits, or other land use agreements that involve state land provide consistent terms and conditions, regardless of the intended land usage	In committee	Both
✓	HB 496	R	Amends existing law to exempt federally recognized Indian tribes from the definition of “foreign government,” such that certain restrictions regarding real property will not apply to them, and to include forest land as one of the kinds of property that a foreign government may not purchase	Enacted 3/11/24; Eff. retroactive to 4/3/23	Both
	HB 521	R	Reduces income taxes from 5.8% to 5.695%, “allowing Idahoans to have more money to better support local bonds and levies related to school facilities”	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
	HCR 37	R	To approve pending rules from the Department of Environmental Quality reviewed by the House Environment, Energy, and Technology Committee and the Senate Resources and Environment Committee including those related to air pollution	In committee	O&G
Illinois 1/16/24-5/24/24					
Access all bills: http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/default.asp					
	HB 3441	D	Amends the Employee Classification Act to provide that in making a determination of a worker's classification under this Act, the Department of	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			Labor shall consider any guidance provided by the Internal Revenue Service of the United States Department of the Treasury		
	HB 4209	D	Amends the Department of Natural Resources Act by providing for commercial solar energy systems or a clean energy projects	Passed House; to Senate	Renewable
	HB 4555	D	Amends the Title Insurance Act to provide that no person, firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other legal entity shall act as or hold itself out to be a title insurance agent without first procuring a certificate of authority from the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation (rather than unless duly registered by a title insurance company with the Secretary)	In committee	Both
	HB 4669	R	Creates an income tax deduction for an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year contributed to a small business asset purchase account and all interest earned on such accounts during the tax year. Provides that a “small business asset purchase account” means an account established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code; Provides an addition modification for amounts withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account that are not used for qualified purchases	In committee	Both
	HB 5397	D	Amends the Illinois Petroleum Education and Marketing Act providing that beginning July 1, 2024, no member of the Illinois Petroleum Resources Board may be appointed to a term which would cause the member to exceed 9 years of total service on the Board	In committee	O&G
	SB 2153	D	Creates the Underground Carbon Dioxide Storage Act. Provides that the Act applies to the underground storage of carbon dioxide but does not apply to extractable mineral resources, and the rights and requirements of the Act are subordinate to the rights pertaining to oil, gas, and coal resources. Provides that a storage operator may not operate a storage facility without a storage facility permit issued by the Department of Natural Resources. Includes provisions regarding: pore space ownership; integration of ownership interests; fees; requirements for drilling near a storage facility; the applicability of certain tort claims; certificate of project completion; and rulemaking. Creates the Carbon Dioxide Storage Administrative Fund and the Carbon Dioxide Long-Term Trust Fund. Makes corresponding changes in the State Finance Act	In committee	O&G
	SB 2421	D	Creates the Carbon Dioxide Transport and Storage Protections Act. Provides that (i) title to pore space belongs to and is vested in the surface owner	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			of the overlying surface estate, (ii) a conveyance of title to a surface estate conveys title to the pore space in all strata underlying the surface estate, and (iii) title to pore space may not be severed from title to the surface estate		
	SB 2632	D/R	Provides processes and procedures for a commercial solar energy system or a clean energy project	In committee	Renewable
	SB 2668	R	Provides that a prohibited foreign-party-controlled business shall not acquire by grant, purchase, devise, descent, or otherwise any interest in public or private land in the State	In committee	Both
	SB 2860	R	Amends the Carbon Dioxide Transportation and Sequestration Act. Provides that a certificate of authority does not grant an owner or operator of a carbon dioxide pipeline the authority to take and acquire an easement in any property or interest in property for the construction, maintenance, or operation of a carbon dioxide pipeline through the exercise of the power of eminent domain. Removes corresponding provisions concerning eminent domain. Repeals a provision that provides procedures for acquiring easements	In committee	O&G
	SB 2967	D	Regarding eminent domain, provides that quick-take proceedings may be used for a period of no more than 2 years after the effective date of the amendatory Act by Cook County and the City of Calumet City for the acquisition of certain described property for the purpose of economic development. Repeals the Section 3 years after the effective date of the amendatory Act	In committee	Both
	SB 2969	R	Reverts provisions regarding greenhouse gases to the language existing before changes made by amendment under prior law; repeals a provision defining "clean energy"	In committee	Both
	SB 2974	R	Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that buildings, structures, and improvements that are not permanently attached to the land are not considered property for the purposes of the Code	In committee	Both
	SB 3152	R	Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year contributed to a small business asset purchase account and all interest earned on such accounts during the tax year. Provides that a "small business asset purchase account" means an account established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code	In committee	Both
	SB 3513	D	Provides that an applicant to renew an appointment as a notary public or as an electronic	Passed both	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			notary public is not required to complete a course of study or pass an examination if the applicant is a licensed attorney or judge or employed by a licensed attorney or the court		
	SB 3601	D	Deletes provisions requiring owners of underground storage tanks containing hazardous waste to register the tanks with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and provide the Agency with information concerning the contents of the tanks. Deletes a provision requiring the owners of registered tanks to notify the Agency of any change in registration information or of the removal the tank from service	Passed both	O&G
Iowa 1/8/24-4/16/24					
Access all bills: https://www.legis.iowa.gov/					
X	HSB 608	R	Regarding procedures to review the exercise of the power of eminent domain	Died in committee	Both
Indiana 1/8/24-3/14/24					
Access all bills: http://iga.in.gov/					
✓	HB 1034	R	Extends insurance coverage on property transferred by a transfer on death transfer by 120 days following the death of the insured: (1) after January 1, 2025, for casualty and liability insurance other than title insurance and certain insurance relating to bonds and mortgages; and (2) before, on, or after January 1, 2025, for title insurance and certain insurance relating to bonds and mortgages. Allows certain warning language to be included in a transfer on death deed executed after January 1, 2025	Enacted 3/4/24; multiple eff. dates	Both
✓	HB 1183	R	Provides that, beginning July 1, 2024, a prohibited person may not acquire or lease agricultural land or a mineral right or water or riparian right on agricultural land located in Indiana	Enacted 3/15/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
✓	HB 1401	R	Requires the county auditor, under certain circumstances, to notify surface property owners of oil or gas interests eligible for sale	Enacted 3/13/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G
✓	SB 206	R	Allows the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) to use electronic means to complete mail delivery communications, accept applications, post public notices, and provide access to documents for public comment. Requires existing easements to be identified in a corrective action plan before an environmental restrictive covenant is approved. Creates a cause of action for a responsible party to sue a property owner to receive access to a site to perform remediation activities. Requires the IDEM to make a determination, within 90 days, concerning prior	Enacted 3/11/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			approval for constructing or expanding a biomass anaerobic digestion facility or biomass gasification facility		
	SB 228	R	Updates tax provisions related to pass-through entities regarding liability as specified	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
Kansas 1/8/24-5/3/24	Access all bills: http://www.kslegislature.org/li/				
	HB 2525	R	Amends current law relating to fees established for the regulation of wastewater treatment facilities, water wells, and underground injection control wells, by providing statutory authority to the Secretary of the Kansas Department of Health and Environment to create and collect new fees for the permitting, monitoring, testing, inspecting, and regulating of underground injection wells through the agency's Underground Injection Control (UIC) Program. Additionally, the bill would redirect the deposit of fees collected by the Water Well Program and the Water and Wastewater Operator Certification Program from the State General Fund to the Water Program Management Fund where they could be used for program expenditures	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 2638	R	Prohibiting the conveyance of title to certain real property to foreign adversaries and establishing criminal penalties for violations	In committee	Both
✓	SB 336	R	Relating to underground storage tanks, removing the requirement for underground storage tank operating permits to be obtained annually	Enacted 3/22/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G
	SB 417	R	Removing the Secretary of Wildlife and Park's authority to exercise the right of eminent domain	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SB 446	R	Concerning real property and relating to certain lands, prohibiting the acquisition of ownership interests in such lands by foreign nationals, foreign businesses and foreign governments unless authorized by the state land council; creating the State Land Council and providing for its membership, powers and duties	In committee	Both
	SB 457	R	Relating to eminent domain, prohibiting public utilities from exercising eminent domain for the siting or placement of solar facilities	In committee	Renewable
	SB 539	R	Modifying tax rates for individuals; increasing the Kansas standard deduction and the Kansas personal exemption; eliminating the income limitation to receive the subtraction modification exempting social security benefits; relating to privilege tax; decreasing the normal tax rate; relating to property tax; increasing the extent of exemption for residential property from the statewide school levy;	Passed Senate; to House	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	SB 546	R	Decreasing the corporate income tax rate; discontinuing income, premium and privilege tax credits of the high-performance incentive program; repealing unused tax credits relating to abandoned well plugging	In committee	Both
Kentucky 1/2/24-4/15/24	Access all bills: https://legislature.ky.gov/Legislation/Pages/default.aspx				
	HB 136	R	Amends existing law regarding environmental audits	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	SB 349	R	Require any utility seeking to decommission, demolish, or retire any existing coal, oil, or natural gas-fired electric generating plant to give notice to the executive committee no later than 365 days before submitting a retirement application to the Public Service Commission as required under law	In committee	O&G
Louisiana 3/11/24-6/2/24	Access all bills: http://www.legis.la.gov/legis/BillSearch.aspx?sid=LAST				
	HB 73	R	Authorizes a parish governing authority to levy a tax on carbon dioxide injected for geologic sequestration within the parish	In committee	O&G
	HB 169	D	Eliminates limitations on the recovery of noneconomic damages related to carbon dioxide sequestration	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 259	R	Reduces the severance tax rate on oil over an eight-year period from 12.5% to 8.5% of its value at the time and place of severance and fixes the severance tax rate for oil produced from certain incapable and stripper wells at the current rate	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 289	R	Prohibits Class VI injection wells in certain lakes with outstanding scenic and recreational significance to the state	In committee	O&G
	HB 300	R	Provides that Federal revenues received by the state and generated from Outer Continental Shelf alternative or renewable energy production be deposited into the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund	In committee	Renewable
	HB 305	R	Dedicates revenues received from alternative or renewable energy production in the coastal area to the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund	Passed House; to Senate	Renewable
	HB 418	R	Reduces severance tax rates on oil and gas produced from wells with inactive or orphan well status	Passed both	O&G
	HB 479	R	Requires certain royalty, bonus, or lease payments to be subject to income tax withholding requirements	In committee	Both
	HB 492	R	Clarifies the rights of landowners relative to eminent domain, specifically, clarifies that the protections afforded landowners in present law	Passed both	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			extend to all other uses not acquired for a storage facility or necessary for use of acquired property		
	HB 516	R	Establishes requirements for carbon dioxide sequestration regarding emergency preparedness, recordation of maps, local notice, siting restrictions, local zoning, ground water monitoring, and reporting	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 612	R	Provides a voluntary process for pipeline crossing disputes	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 625	D	Establishes a "Property Owner Bill of Rights;" provides definitions related to real property; provides procedures and protections related to government activity regarding real property	In committee	Both
	HB 696	R	Authorizes the Commissioner of Conservation to order unitization for carbon dioxide sequestration projects	In committee	O&G
	HB 713	R	Updates existing law regarding the practice of land surveying regarding definitions and the provisions related to the practice	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	HB 729	D	Removes authority of carbon dioxide storage facility owners and operators to use eminent domain to acquire property or rights without the property owner's consent	In committee	O&G
	HB 783	R	Provides for landowner compensation for eminent domain regarding taking of pore space or rights or interests thereto or if the storage rights or other uses of pore space have been included in a unitization order by the commissioner of conservation	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 810	R	Provides for the organization, duties, and responsibilities of the Dept. of Energy and Natural Resources	Passed both	O&G
	HB 934	R	Provides for the dedication of revenue from carbon dioxide sequestration on state lands and water bottoms	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 937	R	Provides relative to landowner liability for carbon dioxide sequestration	Passed both	O&G
	HB 966	R	Authorizes unitization for carbon dioxide sequestration	Passed both	O&G
	HCR 7	R	Concurrent Resolution that urges and requests the administration of President Biden to end its pause on pending approvals of liquified natural gas exports	In committee	O&G
✓	HCR 18	R	Concurrent Resolution urges and requests the administration of President Biden to end its pause on pending approvals of liquefied natural gas exports	Adopted 5/20/24	O&G
✓	HR 2	R	Resolution that urges and requests the United States Congress to enact reforms to federal permitting policies to accelerate deployment of new energy infrastructure	Adopted 4/30/24	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
✓	HSR 5	R	Requests the House Committee on Natural Resources and Environment to study sources of revenue for local government from carbon dioxide storage	Adopted 5/9/24	O&G
✓	SB 285	R	Amends existing law regarding brine wells and extraction, including pooling and unitization; provides for multiple mineral development areas; equitable shares as related to production of brine; provides that where a unit includes lands to which provides that where an operator or producer has no mineral interest, the operator or producer must provide production reports for oil and gas and provides for penalties for failure to report	Enacted 5/22/24; Eff. 8/1/24	O&G
	SB 286	D	Provides for ad valorem taxation; tax auctions; tax liens; procedures and rules related to tax assessments; tax collectors; and various proceedings	In committee	Both
	SB 423	R	Would provide that only those who are a citizen of Louisiana have access to public records of the state	In committee	Both
	SB 482	R	Would remove from the list of records eligible for public access all documents that detail “deliberations” in government work; exempts documents containing “advisory opinions, recommendations and deliberations” that are part of any government decision or policy-making choices	In committee	Both
	SB 502	R	Would require ID checks of those who file requests for public records	In committee	Both
	SB 505	R	Revises numerous ad valorem property tax provisions as described	Passed Senate; to House	Both
✓	SCR 3	R	Concurrent resolution memorializes Congress to enact reforms to federal permitting policies to accelerate deployment of new energy infrastructure	Adopted 5/14/24	Both
✓	SCR 14	R	Concurrent resolution requests the U.S. Department of Energy to carefully consider the benefits of liquid natural gas exports	Adopted 5/14/24	O&G
	SCR 30	D	Concurrent resolution to urge and request the Department of Environmental Quality to study implementation of real-time community air monitoring and notification systems	Passed Senate	O&G
Maryland 1/10/24-4/8/24					
Access all bills: https://msa.maryland.gov/msa/mdmanual/07leg/html/proc.html					
X	HB 245	D	Authorizing the Department of the Environment to charge a fee for processing and issuing on-site sewage disposal permits and individual well construction permits under certain circumstances; authorizing the Department to establish a certain fee for the Responsible Personnel Training	Died in committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			Program Certification; requiring a holder of a license to transfer oil into the State to pay a certain fee when oil owned by the licensee is first transferred into the State		
✓	HB 345	D	Requires certain petitions to review the listing or unlisting of endangered or threatened species to contain certain information regarding the distribution, life and habitat needs of the species, as well as modifying certain definitions and departmental functions	Enacted 5/9/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
✓	HB 465	D	Establishing certain criminal penalties for employers knowingly failing to properly classify individuals as employees and contractors and subcontractors knowingly violating State prevailing wage laws; and requiring the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to refer to the Comptroller, certain State's Attorneys, the U.S. Department of Justice, the U.S. Department of Labor, and the U.S. Department of the Treasury certain complaints that allege a violation of certain tax laws under certain circumstances	Enacted 4/25/24; Eff. 10/1/24	Both
X	HB 516	D	Establishing the Climate Crisis Initiative in the Department of the Environment to provide for the assessment of greenhouse gas pollution fees, the provision of certain benefits to households and employers, and the funding of certain climate-related activities; providing for the collection and use of certain greenhouse gas pollution fees; establishing the Household and Employer Benefit Fund and the Climate Crisis Infrastructure Fund as special, non-lapsing funds	Died in committee	Both
X	HB 1182	R	Decreasing, over 5 taxable years, the state corporate income tax rate from 8.25% to 6.25%	Passed House; Died in Senate	Both
X	SB 436	D	Establishing certain criminal penalties for employers knowingly failing to properly classify individuals as employees and contractors and subcontractors knowingly violating State prevailing wage laws; and requiring the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to refer to the Comptroller, certain State's Attorneys, the U.S. Department of Justice, the U.S. Department of Labor, and the U.S. Department of the Treasury certain complaints that allege a violation of certain tax laws under certain circumstances	Passed Senate; Died in House	Both
✓	SB 916	D	Requiring certain petitions to review the listing or unlisting of endangered or threatened species to contain certain information regarding the distribution, life, and habitat needs of the species and relevant information about the status of a species; requiring the Secretary of Natural Resources to review and, if warranted, update certain regulations listing endangered or threatened species on or before July 1, 2026,	Enacted 5/9/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			and every 5 years thereafter; and defining "fish" and "wildlife" for certain purposes		
X	SB 923	R	Decreasing, over 5 taxable years, the State corporate income tax rate from 8.25% to 6.25%	Died in committee	Both
X	SB 958/ HB 1438	D	Establishing the Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation Payment Program in the Department of the Environment to secure payments from certain businesses that extract fossil fuels or refine petroleum products in order to provide a source of revenue for State efforts to adapt to and mitigate the effects of climate change and to address the health impacts of climate change on vulnerable populations; establishing the Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation Fund to support efforts to mitigate the effects of climate change	Died in committee	O&G
Michigan 1/10/24- 12/31/24	Access all bills: https://www.legislature.mi.gov/(S(hybtodo1hgo2y4jsrnuzxecrb))/mileg.aspx?page=Bills (includes carryover bills from 2023 session)				
	HB 4390	D	Would impose an independent contractor "ABC Test" that would specifically require companies to establish the individual worker meets all three components of the test in order to classify a worker as an independent contractor and not an employee	In committee	Both
	HB 4391	D	Providing information for taxpayers regarding the classification of an individual as an independent contractor	In committee	Both
	HB 4394	D	Related to employment complaints, if requested by an employee who files a complaint against an employer under this section, the department shall, to the extent allowed by law, not disclose to the employer the identity of the employee	In committee	Both
	HB 4396	D	Regarding existing law for protections provided to employees who report a violation, planned violation, or suspected violation of state, local, or federal law and to provide protection to employees who participate in hearings, investigations, legislative inquiries, or court actions; and remedies and penalties, would now also apply to independent contractors and prospective employees	In committee	Both
	HB 4402	D	Updates the criminal procedure code to include a "violation of act regarding payment of wages and fringe benefits with intent to defraud"	In committee	Both
	HB 4403	D	Provides for misdemeanor and felony penalties regarding wage and fringe benefits intent to defraud by an employer	In committee	Both
	HB 4404	D	Regarding wages and fringe benefits, amends existing law to increase the penalties and fines imposed on an employer	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	HB 4548	D	Provides that a notary public may charge an additional technology fee for performing a notarial act using a remote electronic notarization platform if the notary public and the individual who requests the notarial act agree on the additional fee before the notarial act is performed and the notary public explains to the individual that the technology fee is separate from any notarial fee and is not specified or mandated by law	In committee	Both
	HB 4654	R	Providing for electronic signing of estate planning documents	In committee	Both
	HB 4759	D	Provides numerous provisions related to renewable energy and power generation, including providing for renewable energy credits and carbon-free energy plans	In committee	Renewable
	HB 4987	R	Define a marketable record title to an interest in land; to require the filing of notices of claim of interest in such land in certain cases within a definite period of time and to require the recording thereof; to make invalid and of no force or effect all claims with respect to the land affected thereby where no such notices of claim of interest are filed within the required period; to provide for certain penalties for filing slanderous notices of claim of interest, and to provide certain exceptions to the applicability and operation thereof	In committee	Both
	HB 4992	D	Would modify the City Income Tax Act to provide new and modified city income tax collection procedures and expand certain conditions to all cities who enter into an agreement with the Department of Treasury to administer, enforce, and collect the city income tax	In committee	Both
	HB 5008	D	Amends existing tax law pertaining to federal tax deductions and specified outsourcing expenses	In committee	Both
	HB 5029	D	An act to define a marketable record title to an interest in land; to require the filing of notices of claim of interest in such land in certain cases within a definite period of time and to require the recording thereof; to make invalid and of no force or effect all claims with respect to the land affected thereby where no such notices of claim of interest are filed within the required period; to provide for certain penalties for filing slanderous notices of claim of interest, and to provide certain exceptions to the applicability and operation thereof	In committee	Both
	HB 5118	D	Authorizing local units of government to adopt property assessed clean energy assessment programs and to create districts to promote the use of renewable energy systems, and energy efficiency improvements, water usage and sewage treatment improvements, air quality improvements, and environmental hazard projects by owners of certain real property owners	In committee	Renewable

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	HB 5122	D	Would amend the Clean and Renewable Energy and Energy Waste Reduction Act to create a certification process through the Michigan Public Service Commission of solar energy facilities and energy storage facilities with a capacity of at least 50 but less than 100 megawatts; the process would preempt local zoning or regulation of such facilities	In committee	Renewable
	HB 5123	D	Would amend the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act to provide that zoning ordinances are subject to the provisions of HB 5122 above	In committee	Renewable
	HB 5396	D	Regarding corporate income tax pay ratio surcharge for certain corporations, an annual surcharge would be imposed and levied on each taxpayer that is required to make a pay ratio disclosure as provided	In committee	Both
	SB 220	D	Would amend the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act increasing the fee imposed on oil and gas produced in the state for monitoring, surveillance, enforcement, and administration	In committee	O&G
	SB 585	D	Would allow an electric provider or an independent power producer to apply to the Michigan Public Service Commission for a certificate to construct a wind, solar, or energy storage facility that had at least 100 megawatts of generational capacity. A granted certificate would preempt local regulations or rules that prohibited or more restrictively regulated an energy facility	In committee	Renewable
	SB 586	D	Would allow an electric provider or an independent power producer to apply to the Michigan Public Service Commission for a certificate to construct a solar or energy storage facility that had between 50 to 100 megawatts of generational capacity. A granted certificate would preempt local regulations or rules that prohibited or more restrictively regulated an energy facility and makes a zoning ordinance subject to Part 8 of the Clean and Renewable Energy and Waste Reduction Act	In committee	Renewable
	SB 587	D	Would amend the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act to subject a zoning ordinance to Part 8 of the Clean and Renewable Energy and Waste Reduction Act as proposed by SB 586 above	In committee	Renewable
	SB 588	D	Would amend the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act to subject a zoning ordinance to Part 8 of the Clean and Renewable Energy and Waste Reduction Act as proposed by SB 585 above	In committee	Renewable
Mississippi 1/2/24-5/5/24	Access all bills: http://www.legislature.ms.gov/				

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
✓	HB 325	R	To end the right of first refusal in real property after the grantee's death	Enacted 4/20/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
X	HB 351	D	A bill to create the "Land Bank Act" to facilitate the conversion of vacant, abandoned or land struck off to state property into productive use	Died in committee	Both
X	HB 492	D	Permit notaries to perform acts electronically	Died in committee	Both
	HB 1621	R	Revises definition of the term "qualified business or industry" under Mississippi flexible tax incentive law; amends related reporting	Passed House; to Senate	Both
✓	HB 1764	R	Provides that sales of equipment and materials used in connection with geophysical surveying, exploring, developing, drilling, re-drilling, completing, working over, producing, distributing, or testing of oil, gas and other mineral resources shall be taxed at the rate of four percent, and that operators that rebill sales of equipment and materials to nonoperating working interest owners on behalf of a joint account through the joint interest billing	Enacted 5/8/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G
✓	HB 1784	R	Providing for the expenditure of special funds for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the state oil and gas board for the fiscal year 2025	Enacted 5/8/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G
X	SB 2044	R	Provides that the owner of business on property taken under eminent domain shall be compensated for the loss of goodwill, under certain conditions	Died in committee	Both
	SB 2546	R	Update notarial law to allow for remote online notarization	In committee	Both
X	SB 2712	D	An act to modernize and simplify the notice publication process for counties and municipalities and to require publication of notice in a newspaper for instances involving levying of taxes	Died in committee	Both
X	SB 2990	R	Provides that sales of equipment and materials used in connection with geophysical surveying, exploring, developing, drilling, re-drilling, completing, working over, producing, distributing or testing of oil, gas and other mineral resources shall be taxed at 4%	Passed both; Died in conference	O&G
Missouri 1/3/24-5/17/24	Access all bills: https://www.senate.mo.gov/BTSSearch/default				
	HB 1912	R	Modifies provisions relating to the taxation of pass-through entities	In committee	Both
	HB 2274	R	Phases out the corporate income tax	In committee	Both
	HB 2361	D	Modifies provisions relating to standards and guidelines established by the environmental conservation commission	In committee	Both
	SB 823	R	Reduces the corporate income tax	In committee	Both
	SB 1250	R	Modifies provisions relating to the taxation of pass-through entities	In committee	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
Nebraska 1/3/24-4/18/24	Access all bills: https://nebraskalegislature.gov/bills/ <i>Note: Nebraska is a non-party affiliation state legislature</i>				
	LB 94	N/A	Would adopt the Uniform Commercial Code, Article 12 relating to controllable electronic records	Passed; to Gov.	Both
	LB 1059	N/A	Changes provisions relating to the taxation of partnerships and small business corporations and notices of deficiency	In committee	Both
	LB 1199	N/A	Repeal provisions relating to certain administrative fees imposed by the Department of Natural Resources	In committee	Both
	LB 1301	N/A	Amends existing law regarding foreign ownership of land	In committee	Both
	LB 1366	N/A	Amends existing law to change provisions relating to the use of eminent domain	In committee	Both
	LB 1372	N/A	Changes provisions relating to individual and corporate income tax rates and property tax credits	In committee	Both
New Mexico 1/16/24- 2/15/24	Access all bills: https://www.nmlegis.gov/Legislation/BillFinder/Number				
✓	HB 2	D	General annual appropriations bill; includes \$300 million for the Land of Enchantment Legacy Fund created by a bill last year, to be used statewide for wildlife and land improvements and can be used as matching funds to leverage federal grants	Enacted 3/6/24; Eff. 90 days after session adjourn	Both
X	HB 9	D	Creates a climate, water, and energy division to establish a decarbonization technology program to recruit related companies; coordinate and link projects to existing entities in the state; promote technology transfers, commercialization, and research; incentive decarbonization efforts; make policy recommendations; and establish a carbon concierge program; also creates a climate, energy, and water project fund. The fund is non-reverting and can be used for matching grants, conversation technologies projects, and to study and research the development of clean energy and energy conversation	Died in committee	Both
X	HB 30	D	Amends the state Oil and Gas Act by prohibiting certain uses of fresh water in oil and gas operations. The bill also requires an annual water use report. The reports would have to document "volume of fresh water, recycled produced water and treated produced water used in oil and gas operations. Those reports would be sent to the Oil Conservation Division in the EMNRD [Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department]. State regulators could note if the reports are incomplete or deficient. All reports would be published on the state's website"	Died upon intro	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
X	HB 31	D	Amends the state Oil and Gas Act to add “fines for oil or liquid waste spills and requires state regulators to make rules on preventing accidents. The bill would regulate disposal of produced water under the Safe Drinking Water Act, closing a federal loophole that exempts hydraulic fracturing from the law when enacted in 1974. HB 31 would use the fines to help plug dry and abandoned oil wells. It requires operators to give public notification for people living within two miles of any spill. The proposal also requires notice to any sovereign tribal nation in New Mexico with land within 10 miles of a spill. The bill allocates \$750,000 to allow EMNRD to hire five employees to carry out the work	Died upon intro	O&G
X	HB 32	D	Adding definitions for “children’s health protection zone”, “operator” and “school” to the Oil and Gas Act; restricting oil and gas operations in children’s health protection zones; requiring the cessation of oil and gas operations in children’s health protection zones after Jan. 1, 2028; requiring oil and gas operators to create a protection zone inventory and map; requiring oil and gas operators located in a children’s health protection zone to develop and implement a leak response and detection plan and alarm response protocol and conduct water quality sampling and testing; providing penalties	Died upon intro	O&G
✓	HB 41	D	Clean Transportation Fuels Standard Bill. Authorizing the Environmental Improvement Board to adopt rules to establish and assess fees for a clean transportation fuels standard; major change to existing law adds language to the act that can give state environmental leaders directives to set rules on compliance of “fuel lifecycles,” which takes into account the aggregate amount of carbon emissions released by energy industries; provides for advisory committee to set up a structure that sets new fuel carbon measurement standard	Enacted 3/5/24; Eff. 90 days after session adjourn	O&G
X	HB 48/ SB-24	D	Relating to public lands, setting the royalty rate on future oil and gas development leases on state trust lands to enhance revenue for beneficiaries by raising the royalty rate; does not impact existing leases	HB 48 passed House; Died in Senate by inaction	O&G
✓	HB 91	D	Creates the Geothermal Projects Revolving Loan Fund and provides for regulatory administration of geothermal resources development; provides \$25 million from General Fund to fund geothermal projects; had bipartisan support	Enacted 3/5/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Renewable
X	HB 104	D	Creates the statewide public health and climate program and public health and climate resiliency fund and provides for the purpose of each	Died in committee	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
X	HB 133	D	Regarding regulation of wells, conversion to geothermal, operation fees, efficiency standards and hydraulic fracturing setback distances, would amend the Oil and Gas Act by allowing the Oil Conservation Division of the Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department to regulate certain transfers of oil and gas wells and authorize the conversion of oil and gas wells for energy storage and geothermal development; also increases the amount of fees and financial assurance associated with operating oil and gas wells, as well as increasing civil penalties; allowing fees to be adjusted to account for inflation; requiring the capture of 98 percent of natural gas produced beginning in 2027; and providing for certain setbacks from oil and gas facilities	Died in committee <i>Approved House Judiciary Committee version removes language to increase setbacks for oil wells from bodies of water and residences</i>	O&G
X	HB 176	D	Budget appropriations bill	Died upon intro	Both
X	HB 216	R	Would provide for a flat corporate income tax rate	Died in committee	Both
X	HB 237	D	Creates the Climate, Energy and Water Authority Act; creates the Climate, Energy and Water Authority; provides powers and duties of the authority; establishes a decarbonization technology program; creates a related fund	Died upon intro	Both
✓	HB 252	D	Amends various tax provisions, including limiting the capital gains deduction; creating a flat corporate income tax rate; adjusting individual income tax brackets and rates to reduce taxes and creating a 6-bracket rate system from 1.5% to 5.9%; updates certain tax credits as provided, such as creating new credits for advanced manufacturing associated with clean energy initiatives and electric vehicles; advanced energy tax credit to cover up to 20% of equipment expenses for qualifying components under the federal Inflation Reduction Act's provisions for solar energy, wind energy, battery manufacturing, and rare earth element production	Enacted 3/6/24; Secs. 1-4; 11-22 eff. 7/1/24; Secs 5, 8, 10, 32-37, and 39 eff. 1/1/25	Both
X	HB 259	D	Authorizing a percentage of the severance tax permanent fund to be invested in private equity funds investing in climate technology	Died in committee	Both
X	HB 263	R	Would increase fees charged for notarial services	Died upon intro	Both
X	HJR 4/ SJR 8	D	Proposes to amend the constitution by adding a section that provides people with environmental rights, including those to clean and healthy air, water soil, environments, stable climate, and self-sustaining ecosystems. The bill also proposes to direct the state, counties and municipalities to serve as natural resources trustees	Died in committee	Both
X	HM 42	D	Requesting the Department of Environment to convene a working group to develop proposals for rules and legislative recommendations to reduce	Died in committee	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			methane emissions from New Mexico's regulated utilities		
X	HM 58/ SM 14	D/R	Requesting the Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department to study and recommend legislation for establishing setbacks for oil and gas facilities	Died upon intro	O&G
X	SB 64	R	Providing an oil and gas severance tax exemption for the severance of oil and natural gas from a production compliance project completed to comply with certain agency rules	Died in committee	O&G
X	SB 84	D	Makes an appropriation for the assessment, remediation or reclamation of orphaned or abandoned sites	Passed committee; died in session	O&G
X	SB 101	D	Authorizes the Office of the State Engineer to inspect permit and license holder records, increases maximum penalty for water law violations and establishes inflation adjustments for penalties	Died upon intro	Both
X	SB 105	R	To amend various tax provisions to reduce taxation, including corporate and franchise tax, gross receipts tax, capital gains tax, among others	Died in committee	Both
X	SB 111	D	Makes an appropriation to the Department of Environment to provide additional resources to protect water in the state	Passed committee; died in session	Both
X	SB 119	D	Would provide for a flat corporate income tax rate	Died in committee	Both
X	SB 181	D	Restoring certain income in the amount of income used to determine corporate income tax liability; clarifying an amount of certain intangible income used to determine that liability; including corporations that have twenty percent or more of their property, payroll and sales sourced to locations within the United States or its possessions or territories in a water's edge group	Died in committee	Both
X	SB 187	D	Eliminates local authority to administer Air Quality Control Act	Died upon intro	O&G
X	SB 215	R/D	Would create the Geologic Carbon Dioxide Sequestration Act; providing for the unitization of formations for subsurface sequestration of carbon dioxide; limiting liability of owners of sequestration facilities following transfer of interests to the state; provides for unitization, acquisition of lands, rulemaking authority, fees, ownership of injected carbon dioxide, preservation of rights, and ownership voids	Died in committee	O&G
X	SB 217	D	Providing for a minimum distribution from the severance tax bonding fund to the severance tax permanent fund every year for ten years; limiting the amount of supplemental severance tax bonds or notes issued in 2024	Passed both; to Gov.; Vetoed 3/6/24	O&G
X	SB 237	R	Would adopt the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act; includes a new provision regarding	Died in committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			due diligence in payment of royalty interests, working interests or other interests payable out of oil and gas production, as described		
X	SB 249	D	Amends the distribution to the Oil and Gas Reclamation Fund to unlock more state funding for abandoned oil and gas wells; requires fund maintain a balance of \$60 million annually using tax revenue from the Oil and Gas Conservation Tax	Died in committee	O&G
X	SB 294	D	Would create the Strategic Water Supply Program, as directed by the governor, that would appropriate \$500 million for the state to buy treated oilfield waste fluids and brackish water from the industry, then sell the water to other new industries coming to the state; also removes language allowing produced water to be included in the program, opting for the more general term "brackish water"	Failed in committee	O&G
X	SJR 8	D	Resolution would amend the constitution to hold state, counties and municipalities responsible as trustees for the state's natural resources and to state that these entities will not allow, through action or inaction, for the degradation or diminution of the natural environment "that is avoidable, contributes to significant or widespread environmental harm or results in an unhealthy or unsustainable environment." The proposed constitutional amendment states the provisions would be expressly self-executing against the state, counties, and municipalities, meaning no additional legislation is required to effectuate enforcement of the imposed duty. The joint resolution provides the amendment be put before the voters at the next general election (November 2024) or at a special election called for the purpose of considering the amendment. The amendment would only be effective if approved by voters	Died upon intro	O&G
X	SM 8	D	Requesting the Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department to study and recommend legislation for establishing setbacks for oil and gas facilities	Passed committee; died in session	O&G
New York 1/3/24-6/6/24	Access all bills: http://public.leginfo.state.ny.us/navigate.cgi				
	AB 8565	D	Relates to regulation of closed-loop boreholes installed for the purpose of facilitating a geothermal heating or cooling system	In committee	Renewable
	AB 8866	D	Prohibits well permits from being issued to an applicant that uses carbon dioxide to complete or recomplete natural gas or oil resources; closes a possible loophole in the existing state hydraulic fracturing ban that already prohibits the use of water for extraction	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	SB 8357	D	Prohibits well permits from being issued to an applicant that uses carbon dioxide to complete or recomplete natural gas or oil resources; closes a possible loophole in the existing state hydraulic fracturing ban that already prohibits the use of water for extraction	Passed Senate; to Assembly	O&G
	SB 1918	D	Regarding agreements related to renewable energy development rights on reforestation areas	Passed Senate; to Assembly	Renewable
North Carolina 4/24/24- 7/31/24	Access all bills: https://www.ncleg.gov/				
Ohio 1/2/24- 12/31/24	Access all bills: https://www.legislature.ohio.gov/				
	HB 43	D	Would “ban the taking or removal of oil or natural gas from and under the bed of Lake Erie”	In committee	O&G
	HB 172	R	To amend sections of the existing law to expand the laws on wills, declarations or living wills, durable powers of attorney for health care, powers of attorney, and transfer on death designation affidavits by providing for their execution electronically	In committee	Both
	HB 358/ SB 200	R	Provides that the General Assembly declares its intent to establish a comprehensive regulatory framework to ensure the safe and secure deployment of carbon capture and storage technologies in the state, which encompass point-source carbon dioxide capture from large emissions sources and direct air capture, and the geologic sequestration for long-term carbon dioxide storage into reservoirs of geologic formations	In committee	Both
	HB 375	R	Amends sections of the Revised Code to make changes to the law relating to tax foreclosures and county land reutilization corporations	In committee	Both
	HB 562	D	To require horizontal oil and gas well owners that drill in state parks to disclose the chemical components of the materials used in the drilling operation	In committee	O&G
	SB 46	R	Makes various amendments to existing law regarding the electronic execution of wills and other documents and provides additional requirements regarding notaries public	In committee	Both
	SB 130	R	To amend the law regarding notaries public, to make changes to the Ohio Revised Limited Liability	In committee	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			Company Act, to make changes to fees charged by the Ohio Secretary of State, and to amend the version of section 147.01 of the Revised Code that is scheduled to take effect on December 29, 2023, to continue the change on and after that date		
✓	SR 121	R	Resolution to urge continued investment in natural gas infrastructure: To recognize that natural gas and its production industry are not only vital to Ohio's economic future but to maintain the position of the United States as the world's leading energy producer and to urge continued investment in natural gas infrastructure to make affordable energy available to every Ohioan and protect Ohio's energy security and the energy security of the United States and our global allies.	Adopted 4/24/24	O&G
Oklahoma 2/5/24-5/31/24	Access all bills: http://www.oklegislature.gov/				
	HB 2191	R	Regarding eminent domain, provides that government authorities may not take or damage private property unless it is necessary for public use and the property owner is justly compensated. Economic development, including an increase in tax base, tax revenues, employment, and general economic health do not constitute public use	Passed both	Both
	HB 2949	R	Relating to income taxation, modifying rates of individual income tax; modifying provisions related to standard deduction amounts; amendments to Pass-Through Entity Tax Act; modifying reference to income tax rate for certain natural persons	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	HB 3044	R	An Act relating to eminent domain; enacting the Oklahoma Eminent Domain Act of 2024	In committee	Both
	HB 3054	R	Act relating to gross production tax; amending 68 O.S. 2021, Section 1001.1, which relates to property exempt from ad valorem taxation due to payment of gross production tax; modifying exempt property to include flowlines and gathering lines	In committee	O&G
	HB 3058	R	An Act relating to revenue and taxation; amending existing law which relates to income taxation; providing for reduction of individual income tax rates; providing formula for income tax rate reductions; providing for reduction of corporate income tax rate; providing formula for income tax rate reductions; specifying income tax years for which reductions applicable; modifying references; amending existing law which relates to income tax imposed on certain business entities; providing for reduction of tax rates	In committee	Both
	HB 3077	R	Prohibiting foreign ownership of property by certain parties and providing procedures and processes related to violations	In committee	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	HB 3125	R	Prohibiting foreign ownership of property by certain parties and providing procedures and processes related to violations	In committee	Both
✓	HB 3159	R	Relating to eminent domain, amending existing law which relates to the Landowner's Bill of Rights; providing for the right of first refusal or right of first offer for property acquired by eminent domain; providing for the right of first refusal or right of first offer to be included in the Landowner's Bill of Rights	Enacted 4/29/30; Eff. 11/1/24	Both
	HB 3440	R	Relating to environment and natural resources, enacting the Oklahoma Class VI Injection Wells Act of 2024	In committee	O&G
	HB 3444	R	Relating to oil and gas; enacting the Oklahoma Oil and Gas Act of 2024	In committee	O&G
	HB 3534	R	Relating to oil and gas, amends existing law which relates to evidence of financial ability for drilling and operating wells; phasing out category A surety; modifying surety amounts; providing for tiered surety amount based on number of operating wells	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 3541	R	Expands the application of the Energy Discrimination Act of 2022 to private financial firms and adds boycotts against timber, mining and agricultural companies as a reason to be included as listed financial companies	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	HB 3834	D	Relating to notaries and notarial acts, enacting the Notary Practices Act of 2024	In committee	Both
	HB 3962	R	Updates various provisions related to trusts and creates the Oklahoma Trust Reform Act of 2024	Passed both	Both
	HB 4023	R	Relating to oil and gas; enacting the Oklahoma Oil and Gas Act of 2024	In committee	O&G
	HB 4024	R	Relating to oil and gas; enacting the Oklahoma Oil and Gas Act of 2024	In committee	O&G
	HB 4095	R	Requiring notice within certain time frame for certain oil and gas projects; amends provisions related toe easements and right-of-way regarding an underground facility such as a pipeline	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G
	HB 4106	D	Relating to eminent domain, amends existing law which relates to resale of surplus eminent domain property; providing that the procedure for resale of surplus eminent domain property also applies to land purchased by negotiation	In committee	Both
	SB 1202	R	Provides that a shut-in well exempted from plugging by the Corporation Commission shall only be exempt for a period of up to 5 years. The measure requires operators of such wells to report the date of shut-in to the Commission within 5 business days. The measure defines a shut-in well as a well capable of production or injection but is not currently producing. The measure also provides that in the event royalties are not paid to the surface owner of a shut-in well within 1 year,	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			the Commission shall deem the well abandoned and no longer exempt from Commission plugging		
	SB 1249	R	Eliminating limitation on itemization for certain tax years	In committee	Both
	SB 1288	R	Establishes the Orphaned Well Electrical Power Generation Partnership Program under the management of the Corporation Commission. The Program shall partner with companies to assume the liability of plugging, remediating, or reclaiming an orphaned well in return for temporary, non-transferrable control of the energy generated from the emissions of the well. The measure directs the Commission to make available on a public website information relating to orphaned wells as well as the reporting requirements of the Program. The Commission shall establish a competitive bidding process to request bids from any company wishing to participate in the Program. Companies must submit information outlined in the measure to participate in the Program. Information submitted by a company to participate in the Program shall be kept confidential	In committee	O&G
	SB 1370	R	Appropriates \$4 million from the General Revenue Fund to the Interstate Oil and Gas Compact Commission to purchase and update seismic monitoring equipment for the Oklahoma Geological Survey	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G
	SB 1389	D	Establishes the Greenhouse Gas Cap and Invest Program under the management of the Corporation Commission. The Commission is directed to conduct an air quality study for each county to identify and quantify greenhouse gas emissions and subsequently develop a list of high priority emissions to be reduced in coordination with the Department of Environmental Quality. The Commission shall also establish methods to track and verify compliance with the provisions of this measure. Emissions from aviation fuels, carbon dioxide from biomass or biofuels, motor vehicle fuel burned for agricultural purposes, landfill emissions, and emissions from facilities with North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 92811 are exempted from the provisions of this measure. The program shall allow for an annual allowance of emissions, price containment provisions, provide for offsetting credits, an auction process, and create a climate investment account. The program shall begin January 1, 2026	In committee	O&G
	SB 1501	R	Creates the Oklahoma Geothermal Investment Affordability Act. The measure establishes an income tax credit for qualified projects that increase geothermal capacity. The credit shall be equal to \$500.00 per increased ton of increased	In committee	Renewable

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			capacity and an additional \$500.00 per ton where 40% or more of the materials and manufactured products of the project were produced in this state. The measure allocates an additional \$500.00 per ton to projects located on tribal land as well as low-income communities. The measure caps the total credits claimed at \$20 million. Additionally, the measure provides that the credit shall be transferrable and considered a property right available to a state agency or political subdivision to a contractor associated with the applicable qualified geothermal project. Taxpayers with an interest in a qualified geothermal project as well as insurance companies shall be eligible to claim the credit		
	SB 1505	R	Expands the provisions of the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Incentive Act to include projects reducing emissions from downstream oil and gas projects as well as refining projects. The definition of Emission Reduction Project is also expanded to include the installation of systems and/or equipment to reduce the per barrel consumption of energy. The measure increases the maximum amount of rebate payment that may be made by the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Upstream and Midstream Incentive Revolving Fund from \$10 million to \$100 million. The measure also establishes the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Downstream Incentive Revolving Fund and caps such payments at \$25 million. The measure provides that any remaining unencumbered balance upon the cessation of the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Rebate Program shall revert to the General Revenue Fund. The measure appropriates \$100 million to the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Upstream and Midstream Incentive Revolving Fund and \$25 million to the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Downstream Incentive Revolving Fund	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G
	SB 1506	R	Creates the Oklahoma Reliable Power Act. The measure establishes the Oklahoma Reliable Power Rebate Fund, which shall consist of monies received by the Oklahoma Tax Commission from appropriations and transfers designated for deposit in the fund. The program shall provide a 5% rebate of the purchase price of gas purchased by an electric generation facility to be consumed in the generation of electricity. Applicants must submit a claim for rebate on forms prescribed by the Commission no later than 2 years after the purchase was made. The electric generation facility may seek payment of the rebate directly from the Commission or the seller may apply for	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			the rebate on the sale made to the electric generation facility. The measure also repeals the provisions of the Large-Scale Economic Activity and Development Act of 2022. The measure also appropriates \$698,020,000.00 to the Oklahoma Reliable Power Rebate Fund		
	SB 1514	R	Clarifies that the statute of limitations on actions brought pursuant to the Production Revenue Standards Act shall also apply to the Commissioner of the Land Office	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SB 1534	R	Requires holders of abandoned property to send written notice to the apparent owners; Correspondence can be done electronically if initiated by the owner; also increases the minimum property value that the State Treasurer must publish notice for from \$50 to \$250. Additionally, the measure states that anyone claiming interest in a property worth at least \$10,000, which has been delivered to the State Treasurer and whose owner is deceased, must provide a copy of the owner's death certificate. The minimum property value for cases where the claimant needs to provide a signed affidavit stating that they are entitled to the property has also increased from \$10,000 to \$25,000	Passed both	Both
	SB 1553	D	States the Legislature's intent to promote the development of renewable energy resources as well as efficiencies in generation, storage, transmission, and utilization of electric energy. The measure defines renewable energy to include energy produced from wind, solar, hydrogen, hydroelectric power, nuclear, geothermal energy, and biofuels	In committee	Renewable
	SB 1555	D	Provides that if a lease operator does not comply with rules promulgated by the Corporation Commission relating to the removal of unnecessary operating equipment, structures, surface debris, abutment, and obstacles used in the operation of a well, a surface owner may file an action against the lease operator for treble damages for such noncompliance. The measure authorizes the court to award costs and reasonable fees	In committee	O&G
	SB 1568	R	Changes the regulatory authority of Class VI CO2 injection wells into reservoirs, to specify that the Corporation Commission shall have the sole authority to regulate such wells; measure also changes publication requirements for applicants seeking to build a CO2 Sequestration Facility; provides notice requirements; provides unitization plan requirements; provides for certificate of completion of injection operations	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	SB 1569	R	Clarifies that the duties of the Oklahoma Conservation Commission relating to carbon sequestration shall not include geologic carbon sequestration occurring in Underground Injection Control (UIC) Class II or Class VI projects. The Commission’s jurisdiction to sequestration shall only extend to terrestrial and agricultural carbon sequestration practices	Passed Senate; to House	O&G
	SB 1744	R	Expands “underground facility” as it relates to the Oklahoma Underground Facilities Damage Prevention Act to include private easements or rights-of-way as possible locations for such facilities. The measure also provides that any positive response to “watch and protect” shall require the operator or their direct representative present within 10 feet of the operator’s markings prior to the commencement of any excavation. The measure also provides that large projects shall require 120 hours’ notice and authorizes excavators of such projects to submit a pre-excavation meeting request no less than 14 days prior to the excavation date. The date of the meeting shall occur no sooner than 72 hours after the notification is submitted. The measure requires all parties involved in the pre-excavation meeting to coordinate a marking plan and take actions necessary to ensure proper notice requirements are met for affected facility operators	In committee	O&G
	SB 1840	R	Modifies the Oklahoma Wildlife Conservation Code by striking references to the federal endangered species list and removing the requirement for the Commission to institute an affirmative action plan for hiring women and minorities throughout the agency. The measure also strikes language authorizing the Director to make a complaint and cause proceedings to be commenced against any person for violation of any of the laws for the conservation of wildlife with the sanction of the district attorney of the county. Enforcement of conservation laws shall instead take place using the cooperation of local law enforcement. The measure also provides that the property of wildlife in the state is the property of the people of the state and not the state	In committee	Both
	SB 1997	R	Requires the owner of a property burdened by a conservation easement to disclose the existence of the easement to any potential buyer of the real property	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SB 2025	R	Authorizes the Oklahoma Tax Commission to provide 20 days’ notice to any business entity whose sales tax reports indicates a lack of business activities for the last 12 months to show	Passed both; to Gov.	Both

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			cause why the sales tax permit for that place of business should not be revoked		
	SR 25	R	Resolution opposing President Biden's 30x30 program (to conserve at least 30% of the lands and waters in the United States by 2030) and affirming support for private land ownership in the State of Oklahoma	In committee	Both
	SR 30	R	Resolution urging federal action to reform U.S. permitting and environmental review processes in order to expedite the deployment of modern energy infrastructure	Adopted 3/13/24	Both
Pennsylvania 1/2/24- 11/30/24	Access all bills: https://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/home/bills/index.cfm				
	HB 55	R	Would "require the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources to establish a program to lease the subsurface rights under state lands for oil and gas development"	In committee	O&G
	HB 131	D	Resolution would direct the Legislative Budget and Finance Committee to conduct an audit to determine the amount of revenue lost since the enactment of the state impact fee and compare the severance tax imposed in other states to determine how much money Pennsylvania is losing by not imposing a severance tax	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 170	D	Would impose 2,500-foot setbacks from buildings, water wells, surface water intake, reservoir or other water supply extraction point used by a water purveyor; from any solid blue lined stream, spring or body of water as identified; wetlands as identified; also would increase setbacks to 5,000 feet for a school, hospital, long-term care facility, child-care facility or facility that houses or serves individuals with intellectual or developmental disabilities as identified	In committee	O&G
	HB 330	R	Would create a community solar program and the mechanisms and framework for its operation	In committee	Renewable
	HB 652	D	Would require a more transparent and open process before certain facilities are built or expanded within areas defined as "burdened communities." Builders of these facilities seeking permits would first have to prepare an environmental impact statement that includes any potential negative impacts a facility may have on the surrounding area. After the completion of this process, the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection would have the power to deny a permit application if it finds that the cumulative impacts of the facility on the community would be too great to justify its approval	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	HB 698	D	Would require the use of plain language in "oil and gas property contracts"	In committee	O&G
	HB 962	D	Regarding unconventional wells, would update existing law regarding bonding requirements	In committee	O&G
	HB 1462	D	Would require multi-state corporations to use combined reporting to determine their tax responsibilities; they will pay the Corporate Net Income Tax rate based on the share of their U.S. income that is equal to the share of their U.S. sales in Pennsylvania; also would repeal the state's uniformity clause that mandates that taxes levied by the state must be uniform among the same class of subjects, including both property tax and income tax	In committee	Both
	HB 1467	D	Alternative Energy Portfolio Standards Act. Would advance the state's renewable energy program by providing for community solar, utility-scale solar generation and distribution, and duties of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission	In committee	Renewable
	HB 1656	R	Would prohibit the state Department of Environmental Protection from issuing any permits or authorizations which would allow for oil and gas fluid injection wells	In committee	O&G
	HB 1740	D	Providing for transition to renewable energy; imposing duties on the Department of Environmental Protection and other Commonwealth agencies relating to energy consumption and renewable energy generation; establishing the Renewable Energy Transition Task Force, the Just Transition Community Advisory Committee, the Renewable Energy Center of Excellence, the Council for Renewable Energy Workforce Development and the Renewable Energy Workforce Development Fund; providing for interim limits on energy produced from nonrenewable sources and for wage requirement for energy producing systems	In committee	Renewable
	HB 1748	D	Will require all labor brokers operating in Pennsylvania to be registered with the Department of Labor and Industry; penalizes labor brokers for operating without proper registration, and would also penalize those who knowingly contract with unregistered labor brokers	Passed House (most likely dead in Republican Senate)	Both
	HB 1773	D	Fair Share Tax Plan. Would change the state's flat income tax rate of 3.07% to a rate of 1.9% on wages and interest and 12% on several forms of passive income, including dividends, royalties, and gambling and lottery winnings	In committee	Both
	HB 2022	D	Requires public notice be given to communities in which a natural gas drilling permit application has been submitted	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	SB 581	D	Increase well setbacks; distance to buildings and water wells to 2,500 feet and 5,000 feet to reservoirs, schools, and hospitals (<i>Note: this is a refiling of bill HB 170 that was killed by Democrat leadership in 2023</i>)	In committee	O&G
	SB 590	D	Updates bonding requirements for unconventional wells	In committee	O&G
	SB 831	R	Providing for the injection of carbon dioxide into an underground reservoir for the purpose of carbon sequestration, for the ownership of pore space in strata below surface lands and waters of the Commonwealth, for conveyance of the surface ownership of real property; imposing duties on the Department of Environmental Protection; and establishing the Carbon Dioxide Storage Facility Fund	In committee	Both
	SB 832	R	Would create an independent energy office in the state; updated version would also create the Pennsylvania Opportunities With Energy Reliability (POWER) Authority, a governor-appointed board that could approve permits for energy development and electricity generation, without public hearings; board could also waive regulations for projects	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SB 950	D	Would prohibit the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection from issuing any permits or authorizations for injection waste disposal wells that permit the underground injection of toxic wastewater (also referred to as “produced water” or “flowback” or “brine”) produced by oil and gas extraction and cradle-to-grave operations	In committee	O&G
South Dakota 1/19/24- 3/25/24	Access all bills: https://sdlegislature.gov/Session/Bills/64				
✓	HB 1030	R	Updates statutory and regulatory references pertaining to water pollution	Enacted 2/5/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G
✓	HB 1090	D	Revises provisions related to tax deeds; requiring public auctions; sale must be completed within one year; providing for surplus proceeds of the tax deed sale; provides for vesting of property subject to other claims, encumbrances, or liens	Enacted 2/13/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
✓	HB 1186	R	Defines the requirements for granting a carbon pipeline easement	Enacted 3/7/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G
X	HB 1219	R	Prohibits the exercise of eminent domain for the construction of pipelines carrying carbon oxide	Died in committee	O&G
✓	SB 33	R	Would repeal the Petroleum Release Compensation Board	Enacted 2/5/24; Eff. 7/1/24	O&G
X	SB 164	D	Lower the state sales tax rate and the state use tax rate on food to zero percent, and to increase	Died in committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			certain gross receipts tax rates, excise tax rates, and use tax rates		
✓	SB 211	R	Amends existing law regarding procedures for documents to be recorded or filed in the register of deeds' records; amends notarial act procedures and processes by electronic means	Enacted 3/25/24: Eff. 7/1/24	Both
	SB 1186	R	Defines the requirements for granting a carbon pipeline easement	In committee	O&G
	SJR 510	D	To refer to the voters the question of whether this state should lower the state sales and use tax rate on food to zero percent, and to increase certain gross receipts tax rates, excise tax rates, and use tax rates	In committee	Both
Tennessee 1/9/24-4/25/24	Access all bills: http://www.capitol.tn.gov/				
	HB 2072	R	Requires a description of real property by metes and bounds contained within any deed of conveyance of real property of any property not previously described in a recorded instrument to be prepared by a registered land surveyor	In committee	Both
	HB 2108	R	Clarifies that a political subdivision that imposes requirements or expectations related to the type of clean or renewable energy used by a public utility in an ordinance, resolution, or other regulation must include certain sources of energy as permissible sources of clean or renewable energy, regardless of whether the political subdivision classifies the requirements or expectations as relating to clean energy or renewable energy	In committee	Renewable
	HB 2113	R	Requires a property tort cause of action for unpaid wages for hours worked, overtime, minimum wage, salary, bonuses, commissions, or other compensation owed to an employee or independent contractor, including causes of action for breach of contract, unjust enrichment, or quantum meruit to be brought within three years of accruing	In committee	Both
	HB 2119	R	Regarding eminent domain, specifies that a condemner bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of evidence certain facts regarding the condemnation; creates a right for property owners whose property is being condemned to have a court determine whether the taking is necessary to accomplish the public use	Passed House	Both
	HB 2215	D	Enacts the Real Estate Fraud Reduction Act which requires county registers of deeds and notaries public to verify the identity of a person recording or notarizing a document relating to certain real estate transactions, as applicable, using a government-issued identification card; requires	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			such registers and notaries to document and maintain as a permanent record certain personally identifying information of a person recording or notarizing such a document; specifies penalties for violations by a notary public		
	HB 2353	R	Redesignates sanctioned foreign governmental and business entities and persons connected with such entities as foreign adversaries; restates the order in which proceeds from the sale of property acquired illegally are disbursed by requiring that the attorney general and bona fide lien holders be reimbursed from such proceeds prior to any remaining funds being paid to the restricted foreign entity; adds banks, credit unions, and those licensed by the department of financial institutions to the list of persons and entities that are exempt from liability under this part	In committee	Both
	HB 2437	R	Prohibits certain Chinese entities from directly or indirectly owning, having a controlling interest in, acquiring by purchase, grant, devise, or descent an interest, or holding by lease, contract, or usufruct an interest in, except a de minimus indirect interest, real property in this state or real property within 10 miles of a military installation. Also requires divestment, within two years of any such interest unlawfully held and certain property owners to register with the secretary of state	In committee	Both
✓	HB 2553	R	Restricts certain foreign investments in land located within this state through the creation of two separate prohibitions, one that restricts a prohibited foreign-party-controlled business from acquiring real property and another that restricts a prohibited foreign-party from acquiring agricultural land located within this state	Enacted 5/21/24; Multiple effective dates	Both
	SB 1950	R	Prohibits certain foreign-party-controlled businesses from acquiring an interest in public or private land in this state; prohibits certain foreign parties from acquiring agricultural land in this state; requires land acquired in violation of this act to divest such land within two years	In committee	Both
	SB 1983	R	Regarding eminent domain, specifies that a condemner bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of evidence certain facts regarding the condemnation; creates a right for property owners whose property is being condemned to have a court determine whether the taking is necessary to accomplish the public use	In committee	Both
	SB 2319/ HB 2278	R	Rate of the tax shall be set by the county legislative body, but shall not exceed forty-five cents (45¢) per ton on sand, gravel, sandstone, chert, or limestone severed from the ground in the county	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	SB 2326/ HB 2151	R	Increases rate of tax on sand, gravel, sandstone, chert, or limestone severed from the ground in the county as provided	In committee	Both
✓	SB 2448	D	Requires county registers of deeds and notaries public to verify the identity of a person recording or notarizing a document relating to certain real estate transactions, as applicable, using a government-issued identification card	Enacted 5/6/24; Eff. immediately	Both
	SB 2639	R	Restricts certain foreign investments in land located within this state through the creation of two separate prohibitions, one that restricts a prohibited foreign-party-controlled business from acquiring real property and another that restricts a prohibited foreign-party from acquiring agricultural land located within this state	In committee	Both
	SB 2692	R	Requires a description of real property by metes and bounds contained within any deed of conveyance of real property of any property not previously described in a recorded instrument to be prepared by a registered land surveyor	In committee	Both
	SB 2927	R	Prohibits certain Chinese entities from directly or indirectly owning, having a controlling interest in, acquiring by purchase, grant, devise, or descent an interest, or holding by lease, contract, or usufruct an interest in, except a de minimus indirect interest, real property in this state or real property within 10 miles of a military installation; requires divestment within two years of any such interest unlawfully held; requires certain property owners to register with the secretary of state; provides civil penalties for violations	In committee	Both
	SJR 1108	R	Urges Congress to enact reforms to federal permitting policies to accelerate deployment of new energy infrastructure	In committee	Both
✓	SR 318	R	Urges Congress to enact reforms to federal permitting policies to accelerate deployment of new energy infrastructure	Adopted 4/30/24	Both
Utah 1/16/24-3/1/24	Access all bills: https://le.utah.gov/DynaBill/BillList?session=2022GS				
✓	HB 2	R	Supplemental appropriations bill, including certain agency funding	Enacted 3/21/24 with Gov. line item veto; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
✓	HB 5/ SB 6	R	Annual budget and appropriations bill	HB 5 enacted 1/31/24	Both
	HB 48	R	Utah Energy Act Amendments; would “develop effective policy strategies to advocate for and protect the state’s interests relating to federal energy and environmental entities, programs, and regulations,” in addition to funding accurate	Passed both; to Gov.	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			forecasts of the state’s energy supply and demand and directing “the funding of legal effort to combat federal overreach and unreasonable delays regarding energy and environmental permitting”		
✓	HB 116	R	Modifies provisions of the Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act by modifying the definition of “renewable energy system,” for purposes of the Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act, to include a system that provides energy outside the energy assessment area if the system is a biofuel system or does not use the public electrical utility’s power grid to transmit the energy	Enacted 3/12/24; Eff. 5/1/24	Both
✓	HB 124	R	Regarding the modifies the High Cost Infrastructure Development income tax credit, modifies the definition of “energy delivery project” to include certain geothermal energy projects, hydroelectric energy storage systems, and nuclear power generation systems; defines an “emissions reduction project” and a “mineral processing project”; adds an “emissions reduction project and a “mineral processing project” to the definition of “infrastructure” for purposes of being eligible for a high cost infrastructure development tax credit; modifies the definition of “high cost infrastructure project” to include certain projects involving new investment in rural areas	Enacted 3/12/24; Eff. 5/1/24	Both
	HB 183/ SB 69	R	Amends the corporate franchise income tax rates, and individual income tax rates, by lowering rates	In committee	Both
	HB 191	R	Electrical Energy Amendments; prevents “the closure of an electrical generation facility before reaching a normal operational lifespan when significant upgrades and renovations to prolong the electrical generation facility’s service are still financially reasonable investments,” if the shutdown affects the provision of reliable and affordable electricity to users. Under the bill, the decision to close a generator also shouldn’t be the result of a federal incentive	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
	HB 241	R	Clean Energy Amendments; modifies provisions relating to clean energy by changing the term “renewable” to “clean” where appropriate in statute	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
✓	HB 295	R	Addresses issues related to produced water by defining terms; provides for the scope of the Produced Water Act; addresses the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining’s regulation of produced water; addresses water right issues; enacts provisions related to possessory interests and control	Enacted 3/12/24; Eff. 5/1/24	O&G
	HB 300	R	Makes various changes related to courts, including to the Business and Chancery Court and jurisdiction of the district court regarding Business and Chancery Court actions, among other various court amendments as provided	Passed both; to Gov.	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	HB 320	R	Modifies provisions related to the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, specifically, defines terms; repeals rulemaking authority; prohibits state employees or contractors from receiving a financial bonus for overseeing the sale of trust lands; creates requirements for the sale, exchange, lease or other disposition or conveyance of trust lands; requires a governmental entity to notify legislators of proposed land exchanges less than 500 acres that impact public lands or trust lands within the legislator's district	In committee	Both
	HB 373	R	Regarding environmental quality amendments, defines terms; requires meetings between the Federalism Commission and the Department of Environmental Quality; repeals the Air Quality Policy Advisory Board; addresses sales and use tax exemptions and certifications related to pollution control; addresses the powers and duties of the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining, including rulemaking, and the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
✓	HB 374	R	Modifies the state energy policy by providing the policy is focused on human well-being and quality of life; encourages the use of dispatchable energy resources; fosters innovation and development to meet future energy demand; and allows for market-based solutions; and requires the Office of Energy Development to report annually to the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee regarding: development and implementation of the state energy plan and the state energy plan's compliance with the state energy policy	Enacted 3/21/24; Eff. 5/1/24	Both
✓	HB 407	R	Imposes limits on eminent domain related to mining	Enacted 3/18/24; Eff. 5/1/24	Both
	HB 410	R	Establishes the Utah San Rafael Energy Lab and creates the Utah San Rafael Energy Lab Board; allows the state to buy a \$2 million lab that researches — among other industries — innovative technologies in different sources of energy, including nuclear, solar, coal and wind	Passed House; to Senate	Both
✓	HB 452	R	Regarding the regulation of carbon capture, the bill modifies definitions; repeals two existing funds and replaces the repealed funds with the Carbon Dioxide Storage Fund (fund); addresses the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining's (board) authority to impose fees and deposit money into the fund; addresses the holding of title by the state of storage facilities including oversight of facilities used to store carbon dioxide after the	Enacted 3/12/24; Eff. 5/1/24	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			board issues a certificate of project completion; clarifies fee provisions		
	HB 453	R	Regarding the Great Salt Lake, amends provisions related to severance taxes; mineral lease and royalty agreement provisions; certain rights for failure to use; royalty discounts under certain circumstances; acquisition of property or mineral interests through eminent domain; makes appropriations	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
✓	HB 496	R	Regarding public land use in the state, the bill defines terms; requires the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office to recognize and promote principles of multiple use and sustained yield on federal public lands within the state; and prohibits natural asset companies from purchasing or leasing state public lands	Enacted 3/12/24; Eff. 5/1/24	Both
✓	HB 519	R	Makes various changes regarding the administration and procedures of the Department of Natural Resources	Enacted 3/12/24; Eff. multiple dates	Both
	HB 554	R	Regarding professional licensing, amends current law regarding issuance of licenses under additional circumstances by the Division of Professional Licensing	In committee	Both
✓	HR 5	R	This resolution urges the United States Congress to take actions to enact trade policy that supports United States' businesses and workers while penalizing global polluters; specifically, identifies threats posed to the United States by supply chain dependence on China; recognizes the environmental threat of China to the global pollution crisis; recognizes how policies that promote domestic extraction and production instead of reliance on China could benefit Utah's rural communities; and urges the United States Congress to support trade policies that hold high polluting countries like China and Russia accountable for pollution and bolster cleaner, United States-based extraction and production.	Enacted 2/20/24	Both
✓	HJR 26	R	Joint resolution rejects a proposed land exchange of state school and institutional trust lands and mineral interests for federal lands and mineral interests	Enacted 2/29/24	Both
✓	SB 69	R	Amends the corporate franchise and income tax rates; and amends the individual income tax rate	Enacted 3/14/24; Multiple eff. dates	Both
	SB 75	R	Regarding mineral amendments, amends definitions; modifies aggregate value of tax credit certificates that may be issued under certain circumstances; addresses federal agency consultation before certain acts related to federal designations and minerals	Passed Senate; to House	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
✓	SB 161	R	Regarding the regulation of energy, outlines the review process for an alternative permit and conditions for either the alternative or transition permit to become effective; provides the state the option to purchase an electrical generation facility intended for decommissioning; creates a Decommissioned Asset Disposition Authority (authority) within the Division of Air Quality; requires the authority to: govern the disposition of an electrical generation facility purchased by the state; and prepare and submit an application to the Division of Air Quality for an evaluation of the feasibility of an alternative permit; and requires a study from the authority to: analyze issues related to the state implementation plan arising out of a permit issued to an electrical generation facility intended for decommissioning; determine and provide the fair market value of a project entity's electrical generation facility intended for decommissioning; and evaluate the process for selling an electrical generation facility purchased by the state	Enacted 3/21/24; Eff. 5/1/24	Both
	SB 172	R	Modifies provisions related to statutorily protected areas amending multiple statutory sections as described	In committee	Both
✓	SB 182	R	Modifies provisions related to property tax assessment, including remedies for property owners and provisions related to tax assessors and the assessment process	Enacted 3/14/24; Multiple eff. dates	Both
	SB 224	R	Energy Independence Amendments; provides direction to the Public Service Commission to evaluate the acquisition of new dispatchable resources with the public interest in mind. It establishes parameters to recover reasonable costs when utilities take action to build and maintain dispatchable resources. It would also consider opportunities to sell excess energy in interstate markets; creates a fire fund to allow the state to self-insure in case of fire events caused by electrical corporations	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SB 238	R	Enacts an income tax credit for the purchase of insurance benefits; specifically, enacts a nonrefundable income tax credit for: a hiring party that contributes to the purchase of a portable benefit plan or other insurance benefits on behalf of an independent contractor; and an independent contractor that pays for a portable benefit plan or other insurance benefits out of pocket; and provides for apportionment of the income tax credit	In committee	Both
	SB 257	R	Enacts provisions related to the development and use of geothermal energy resources in the state	In committee	Renewable

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
Virginia 1/10/24-3/9/24	Access all bills: https://viriniageneralassembly.gov/				
	HB 28	D	Would establish a moratorium on fossil fuel projects, effective January 1, 2025 <i>(Note: if advances would be vetoed by governor)</i>	In committee	O&G
	HB 84	D	Requires an explorer conducting any mineral exploration activities to publish a notice in a newspaper, notify the governing body of such locality at least 15 days in advance of such activity, and notify all individual residences and properties within 500 yards of the property lines at least 15 days in advance	Passed House	Both
	HB 397	R	Regarding development of renewable energy facilities, Repeals provisions (i) requiring the State Air Pollution Control Board to adopt regulations to reduce carbon dioxide emissions from any electricity generating unit in the Commonwealth and authorizing the Board to establish an auction program for energy allowances; (ii) prohibiting the State Corporation Commission from approving any new utility-owned generation facilities that emit carbon dioxide as a by-product of energy generation, in certain circumstances; (iii) declaring that statutory allowances for energy derived from sunlight, onshore wind, offshore wind, and storage facilities are in the public interest; and (iv) relating to the development of solar and wind generation and energy storage capacity, development of offshore wind capacity, and generation of electricity from renewable and zero carbon sources	In committee	Renewable
✓	HB 656/ SB 365	R	Prohibits a person from engaging in any land-disturbing activity until, where Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) permit coverage is required, the Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program (VESCP) authority has obtained evidence of such permit coverage from the Department of Environmental Quality's online reporting system prior to issuing its land-disturbance approval. Current law requires the VESCP authority to obtain such evidence of VPDES permit coverage prior to approving an erosion and sediment control plan	HB 656 Enacted 3/20/24; Eff. 7/1/24 SB 365 enacted 3/8/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
	HB 986	D	Regarding notaries and fees, raises from \$5 to \$10 the amount a notary may charge for taking and certifying the acknowledgment of any writing, or administering and certifying an oath, or certifying affidavits and depositions of witnesses	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
	HB 1372	D	Regarding notarial acts, adds a knowledge-based authentication assessment to the methods by which a notary public may obtain satisfactory evidence of identity of an individual	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
	HB 1400	R	Extends the sunset from July 1, 2024, to June 30, 2025, for the retail sales and use tax exemption	In committee	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			of certain materials and equipment used in the drilling, extraction, or processing of natural gas or oil and the reclamation of the well area		
	HB 1483	D	Updates tax provisions regarding localities applying voluntary payments; creates notice procedures prior to a locality making a levy on property due to delinquent tax payments; also provides that following an application to court to correct erroneous assessments of local levies, the court may award reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	SB 295	R	Restricts any foreign adversary or foreign business, as those terms are defined in the bill, from acquiring any interest in land in the Commonwealth and requires registration with the Secretary of the Commonwealth	In committee	Both
	SB 413	R	Regarding public notice of local planning and zoning matters, expands from 14 days to 45 days the length of time prior to a meeting to adopt certain planning and zoning matters that the first notice of a meeting may be published	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
West Virginia 1/20/24-3/9/24	Access all bills: https://www.wvlegislature.gov/				
	HB 4003	R	Relating to amending the law concerning ownership and possession of real property by hostile foreign entities	In committee	Both
	HB 4292	R	Regarding conventional vertical wells, the purpose of this bill is to provide for enhanced damages for nonpayment of royalties due from oil, natural gas, or natural gas liquids production under the terms of a lease or other agreement	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	HB 4411	R	Purpose of this bill is to require the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection to adopt rules relating to the standardization of leases, deeds, or contracts relating to oil and gas, consistent in format with the purpose of making the terms of these documents less confusing to the landowners	In committee <i>Note: This bill is introduced every year and always fails to pass</i>	O&G
	HB 4712	R	Purpose of this bill is to limit the number of permits to construct wind power plants, wind power farms, or "windmills" for power generally in West Virginia; to provide that for each new wind powered facility built in West Virginia, there is an offset in the amount of taxes paid by new and existing coal fired power plants; and to ensure that coal remains the primary source of power in West Virginia during emergency weather events	In committee	Renewable
	HB 4721	R	Purpose of this bill is to require land surveyors to offer to record maps or plats of measured parcels of land made by the surveyor	Passed both; to Gov.	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	HB 4759	R	Purpose of this bill is to verify the legal employment status of all persons who come into their employ and to report their employment to the appropriate governmental agencies; defines "E-Verify", the electronic verification of federal employment authorization program of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, and provides that unauthorized workers' employment is prohibited	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	HB 4850	R	Purpose of this bill is to remove the sunset clause from the oil and gas personal property tax; maintains current natural gas property tax valuation formula	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G
	HB 4966	R	Purpose of this bill is to allow for the plugging of oil and gas wells using subsurface monuments to reduce the burden on surface owner property	In committee	O&G
	HB 4967	R	Purpose of this bill is to streamline the Voluntary Remediation and Redevelopment Act (VRRRA). The updated VRRRA provides new liability protections for persons and companies who wish to purchase and redevelop former industrial properties that are or may be contaminated by a historical use. Language has been added to the VRRRA to further protect bona fide prospective purchasers and innocent landowners	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
✓	HB 5045	R	Purpose of this bill is to provide further assurances to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency regarding the State of West Virginia's application for primary enforcement authority over underground carbon dioxide sequestration programs in the State of West Virginia	Enacted 3/1/24; Eff. 90 days from passage	O&G
	HB 5048	D	Purpose of this bill is to remove the cap on the number of gas and other type wells for which operators are required to pay annual oversight fees	In committee	O&G
	HB 5049	R	Purpose of this bill is to tighten the transfer-tax provisions and remove the loopholes that are being used to evade the payment of transfer taxes	In committee	Both
	HB 5076	R	Purpose of this bill is to clarify the process of well plugging; adds new conditions in which a well does not need to be promptly plugged, exempting companies that have an agreement with the state from the state law that requires them to "promptly" plug their wells; limits causes of actions in law and equity, protecting companies from lawsuits for failing to plug their abandoned wells and limiting surface owners' legal recourse against operators	In committee	O&G
	HB 5169	R	Purpose of this bill is to restrict foreign ownership of land and other interests in the State of West Virginia as specified; defines terms; requires registration as specified; authorizes enforcement of ownership restrictions as specified; provides for a civil penalty; bill requires the inclusion of notices	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			of foreign ownership in assessment schedules and tax statements		
	HB 5268	R	Purpose of this bill is to clarify that horizontal wells and horizontal drilling well work includes certain enhanced recovery techniques	Passed both; to Gov.	O&G
	HB 5370	R	Purpose of this bill is to declare a legislative finding that citizens and businesses should be the priority of any attempt at economic development or stimulus; and to require that agreements with a business entity for purposes of incentivizing economic development or economic stimulus to contain a binding statement of commitment to hire 90 percent of employees for West Virginia locations from citizens of West Virginia	In committee	Both
	HB 5372	R	Repeals severability provisions under existing law related to mineral development by a majority of cotenants; lease and conveyance of mineral interests owned by missing or unknown owners or abandoning owners; strikes severability provision related to unitization of interests in horizontal well drilling units	In committee	O&G
	HB 5414	D	Purpose of this bill is to prevent oil and gas wells from being orphaned on surface owner's land with no responsible driller or operator with the resources to plug the well	In committee	O&G
	HB 5596	R	Purpose of this bill is to make the Division of Natural Resources exempt from purchasing requirements	In committee	Both
	HB 5624	R	Purpose of this bill is to provide recorded notice to surface owners of potential mineral development surface uses which burden the surface estate	In committee	O&G
	SB 235	R	Regarding production from conventional vertical wells, the purpose of this bill is to provide for enhanced damages for nonpayment of royalties due from oil, natural gas, or natural gas liquids production under the terms of a lease or other agreement	In committee	O&G
	SB 358	R	Natural Resources Anti-Commandeering Act. Would end state and local enforcement of certain Environmental Protection Agency rules and regulations by prohibiting state agencies, political subdivisions, and their employees from knowingly and willingly participating in the enforcement of any federal act, law, order, rule, or regulation relating to coal, oil, gas, timber, or other extractive resources, or downstream industries related to such extractive resources if it does not exist under state law. The bill would also prohibit the use of any assets, state funds, or funds allocated by the state to local entities for the enforcement of the same	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	SB 395	R	The purpose of this bill is to modify the valuation of industrial property and natural resources by the Tax Commissioner; makes technical corrections; removes a sunset provision	In committee	Both
✓	SB 452	R	Purpose of this bill is to designate certain water and wastewater facilities as an emergency project	Enacted 3/22/24; Eff. 6/6/24	Both
	SB 494	R	Purpose of this bill is to enact the Uniform Unlawful Restriction in Land Records Act, considered by the state Uniform Law Commission, which provides a mechanism for amending an existing deed by filing a document in the deed books severs a unlawful restriction contained therein by filing a document with the County Clerk which declares that the discriminatory provision of the deed is void and does not pass through to the subsequent chain of title	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SB 532	R	Creates the Orphan Oil and Gas Well Prevention Act of 2024. The purpose is to prevent oil and gas wells from being orphaned on surface owner's land with no responsible driller or operator with the resources to plug the well	In committee	O&G
	SB 565	R	Purpose of this bill is to authorize application of the manufacturing investment tax credit and the manufacturing property tax adjustment credit against personal income tax	In committee	Both
	SB 596	R	Purpose of this bill is to provide further assurances to the United States Environmental Protection Agency regarding the state of West Virginia's application for primary enforcement authority over underground carbon dioxide sequestration programs in the state of West Virginia	In committee	O&G
	SB 635	R	The purpose of this bill is to modify when a commission, council, or a governing board may sell, convey, or otherwise dispose of any real property that was gifted or devised to it	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SB 873	R	Regarding the severance and business privilege tax, updates provisions related to installment payments	Passed both; to Gov.	Both
	SCR 16	R	Urging U.S. Congress enact reforms to federal permitting policies to accelerate deployment of new energy infrastructure	Adopted	Both
Wisconsin 1/16/24- 3/14/24	Access all bills: https://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/2021				
	AB 922	R	Adopts, for state income and franchise tax purposes, the current federal Internal Revenue Code related to depreciation and amortization, including provisions related to a depreciation allowance for certain property, known as bonus depreciation. For state income and franchise tax	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			purposes, current law generally adopts the federal Internal Revenue Code provisions related to depreciation and amortization		
	AB 985	R	Regarding estate planning documents, this bill makes several changes to the notarization and witnessing requirements; power of attorney procedures; allows for remote notarization	In committee	Both
✓	SB 898	R	Would authorize an individual to execute a power of attorney for finances and property by signing the document before two witnesses via two-way, real-time audiovisual communication, and authorizes remote notarization of an estate planning document	Enacted 3/21/24; Eff. immediately	Both
Wyoming 2/12/24-3/8/24	Access all bills: https://www.wyoleg.gov/Legislation/search				
✓	HB 10	R	Relating to state lands, authorizing the Director of the Office of State Lands and Investments to grant state land lessees additional time to renew their leases	Enacted 3/4/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
✓	HB 11	R	Relating to state lands, removing specific types of payments for land lease payments; amending the process for how state land lease payments are made; providing that state land lease renewals and rental payments are considered filed on the date the renewal or rental is postmarked	Enacted 3/4/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
✓	HB 32	R	Relating to environmental quality, specifying that pore space utilization is a purpose of geologic sequestration unitization; providing definitions; amending permit types related to geologic sequestration; amending application requirements for the unitization of interests in pore space in a unit area; amending the findings required by the oil and gas conservation commission before entry of a unitization order; amending notice requirements for unitization applications; clarifying that a unitization order may provide for the use of directional wells; making conforming amendments; specifying applicability; requiring rulemaking	Enacted 3/5/24; Eff. immediately	O&G
✓	HB 141	R	Relating to state lands, specifying evaluation and review requirements before issuance of oil and gas leases on state lands; requiring rulemaking	Enacted 3/8/24; Eff. immediately	O&G
	HB 183	R	Relating to property, restricting foreign ownership of land and other interests in Wyoming as specified; providing definitions; requiring foreign owners to divest of land; requiring registration as specified; authorizing enforcement of ownership restrictions as specified; providing a civil penalty; requiring the inclusion of notices of foreign ownership in assessment schedules and tax	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			statements; specifying applicability; requiring rulemaking		
	HB 185	R	Relating to enhanced oil recovery-severance tax exemption and mine product taxes, providing an exemption for the production of crude oil and natural gas produced through enhanced oil recovery techniques and using Wyoming carbon dioxide; specifying conditions for the exemption; requiring reports; providing definitions; making conforming amendments; providing a sunset date for the exemption	In committee	O&G
	HB 188	R	Requiring the secretary of state to establish a centralized electronic notice system; requiring preservation of notices as specified; providing for governmental entities and other persons to publish public or legal notices on the centralized electronic notice system in lieu of publication in a newspaper as specified; authorizing fees; providing definitions; making conforming amendments; requiring rulemaking	In committee	Both
	HB 196	R	Relating to property, providing that the policy of Wyoming is to require the federal government to exchange federal-owned lands if the federal government acquires additional property in Wyoming; requiring notice of transactions that will not include a transfer of federal-owned lands; providing for disposal of certain lands transferred to the state	In committee	Both
	HB 203	R	Relating to taxation and revenue, establishing a property tax exemption for single family residential properties; providing a sales and use tax to provide funding to local governments due to the decrease in revenue from the property tax exemption; providing for the distribution of the sales and use tax; revising provisions related to local optional sales and use taxes; providing rulemaking authority	In committee	Both
	HJ 3	R	Joint Resolution in support of meaningful state and local government involvement in drafting proposed federal rules, resource management plans and environmental impact statements	Passed House; to Senate	Both
✓	SF 42	R	Relating to public utilities, amending requirements and deadlines for low-carbon energy generation standards; amending reporting requirements for meeting the low-carbon energy standards; amending rate recovery mechanisms associated with low-carbon energy standards; requiring rulemaking	Enacted 3/15/24; Eff. immediately	Both
	SF 43	R	Relating to property, specifying that ownership interests in pore space shall not be severed and separately conveyed as specified; making conforming amendments; specifying applicability	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
X	SF 44	R	Relating to environmental quality, amending requirements for the commencement of limited mining operations; amending bonding, notice and reporting requirements for limited mining operations; limiting overburden surface mining operations as specified; amending requirements for extending limited mining operations; specifying that counties cannot prevent limited mining operations; authorizing rulemaking; amending bond release provisions for limited mining operations	Passed both; to Gov.; Vetoed 3/19/24	Both
	SF 64	R	Relating to severance taxes, establishing severance tax refunds for specified oil, gas and coal severance taxes based on increased federal mineral royalty rates; authorizing the transfer of government royalty revenue as specified; providing for distribution of the state's share of specified federal mineral royalties; providing for severance tax and ad valorem distributions from federal mineral royalties as specified; requiring rulemaking; providing an appropriation	Passed Senate; to House	O&G
✓	SF 77	R	Requiring county clerks to report conveyances and property transactions to the Office of Homeland Security and the Division of Criminal Investigation regarding property near critical infrastructure	Enacted 3/14/24; Eff. 7/1/24	Both
	SF 78	R	Relating to the administration of government, providing an enhanced oil recovery stimulus for the use of carbon dioxide in enhanced oil recovery; specifying conditions and requirements for the stimulus; providing for the administration of the stimulus; creating an account; requiring reports; requiring transfers of funds; authorizing rulemaking; providing an appropriation	In committee	O&G
	SF 91	R	Continuing the regulatory reduction task force by specifying members and duties, requiring reports, providing a termination date, making appropriations	In committee	Both
	SF 102	R	Relating to property, conveyances and security transactions; prohibiting foreign ownership of real property near critical infrastructure and military installations as specified; authorizing actions for divestiture; requiring specified parties to register property ownership with the secretary of state; specifying penalties; amending the duties of the Wyoming office of homeland security; amending the duties of county assessors; requiring the inclusion of notices of foreign ownership prohibitions and reporting requirements in assessment schedules and tax statements; providing definitions; requiring rulemaking; authorizing positions; providing an appropriation	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SF 104	R	Relating to permitting and industrial siting of solar and wind energy facilities, amending the definition	In committee	Renewable

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			of affected landowner to include leaseholders of state lands; authorizing affected grazing and agricultural leaseholders to consent before permitting by boards of county commissioners for facilities constructed on state lands; providing notice to leaseholders of state lands; authorizing leaseholders of state lands to be parties to an industrial siting council permit proceeding; providing definitions; making conforming amendments; specifying applicability		
	SF 131	R	Relating to the legislature, continuing the regulatory reduction task force; specifying members and duties of the task force; requiring reports; providing a termination date for the task force; providing appropriations	Passed Senate; to House	Both
	SJ 2	R	Joint resolution prohibiting foreign adversaries and specified foreign entities from owning property	Passed Senate; to House	Both
FEDERAL U.S. Congress 2024-25 term	Access all bills: https://www.congress.gov/				
	H.R. 21	R	Strategic Production Response Act. Would provide for the development of a plan to increase oil and gas production under oil and gas leases of Federal lands under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Defense in conjunction with a drawdown of petroleum reserves from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 22/ S. 9	R	Protecting America's Strategic Petroleum Reserve from China Act. Prohibits the sale and export of crude oil from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) to China. Specifically, the bill prohibits the Department of Energy (DOE) from selling petroleum products (e.g., crude oil) from the SPR to any entity that is under the ownership, control, or influence of the Chinese Communist Party. Further, DOE must require as a condition of any sale of crude oil from the SPR that the oil not be exported to China	H.R. 22 passed House; to Senate	O&G
	H.R. 23	R	Family and Small Business Taxpayer Protection Act. Would defund the Biden Administration's plan to hire 87,000 new IRS agents enacted under the 2022 Inflation Reduction Act and block efforts to drastically increase audits on middle class families while preserving funding for customer service and IT modernization	Passed House; to Senate	N/A
	H.R. 98	R	Federal Land Freedom Act. Would empower states to control the development and production of all forms of energy on all available federal land within their state boundaries. It would also cut red tape	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			that hinders a state’s ability to develop energy resources on federal land		
	H.R. 99	R	Less Imprecision in Species Treatment Act of 2023 or the LIST Act of 2023. The bill “revises the process for removing a species from the endangered or threatened species lists”	In committee	Both
	H.R. 150	R	Protecting American Energy Production Act. Prohibits the President from declaring a moratorium on the use of hydraulic fracturing unless Congress authorizes the moratorium. The bill also expresses the sense of Congress that states should maintain primacy for the regulation of hydraulic fracturing for oil and natural gas production on state and private lands	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 178	D	Public Land Renewable Energy Development Act of 2023. To promote the development of renewable energy on public lands.	In committee	Renewable
	H.R. 228	R	Would end the <i>Chevron</i> doctrine established by the U.S. Supreme Court in the 1980s, and currently under review in a separate case, that allows federal agencies broad discretion to interpret their authority under federal statutes	In committee	Both
	H.R. 248	R	Promoting Local Management of the Lesser Prairie Chicken Act. Would “amend the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to exclude certain populations of the lesser prairie chicken from the authority of such Act” to remove the species from the lists of threatened species and endangered species in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Colorado, or New Mexico	In committee	Both
	H.R. 277	R	Regulations from the Executive in Need of Scrutiny Act of 2023 or REINS Act. Would reassert Congress’ legislative authority and prevent excessive overreach by the executive branch in the federal rulemaking process by requiring every new “major rule” proposed by federal agencies to be approved by both the House and Senate before going into effect; also preserves Congress’ authority to disapprove of a “nonmajor rule” through a joint resolution	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	H.R. 288	R	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023 or SOPRA Act. Would codify a repeal of the <i>Chevron</i> doctrine which provides “that courts must defer to agency interpretations of ambiguous statutes” and which currently provides wide latitude for agency actions that were not provided by Congress and can result in federal regulatory overreach	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	H.R. 356	R	Would require the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a minimum number of oil and gas lease sales in certain areas, to prevent delays in oil and gas leasing	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	H.R. 484	R	Natural Gas Tax Repeal Act. Would repeal the new section added to the Clean Air Act under last year's Inflation Reduction Act relating to "the methane emissions and waste reduction incentive program for petroleum and natural gas systems" that imposed a methane tax/fee	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 518	R	Endangered Species Transparency and Reasonableness Act of 2023. Would "amend the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to require publication on the internet of the basis for determinations that species are endangered species or threatened species"	In committee	Both
	H.R. 647	R	Would repeal restrictions on the export and import of natural gas	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 781	R	Guaranteeing Independent Growth Act or the GIG Act. Provides for a favorable independent contractor test utilized under the Trump administration that sets a two "core" factor test: the nature and degree of the individual's control over the work and the individual's opportunity for profit or loss	In committee	Both
	H.R. 923	R	Protecting Our Wealth of Energy Resources Act of 2023. To prohibit the President from issuing moratoria on leasing and permitting energy and minerals on certain Federal land	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 956	R	No Drilling in the North Atlantic Act of 2023. Would "prohibit oil and gas exploration, development, and production in the North Atlantic Planning Area of the Outer Continental Shelf"	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1023	R	Repeals the \$27 billion Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund included in the 2022 Inflation Reduction Act, designed to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and other air pollutants and finance deployment of GHG and air pollution reducing projects, and would eliminate the fee on oil and gas producers related to the amount of methane they emit as administered by the EPA	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	H.R. 1067	R	American Energy Act. To amend the Mineral Leasing Act to clarify the effect of a pending civil action on the processing of an application for a permit to drill, to require courts to remand lease sale Environmental Impact Statements to agencies to remedy when necessary, and to establish a term limit for permits to drill	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1115	R	Promoting Interagency Coordination for Review of Natural Gas Pipelines Act. Would "provide for Federal and State agency coordination in the approval of certain authorizations under the Natural Gas Act" to promote more efficient and streamlined reviews for natural gas pipeline infrastructure by strengthening the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's lead role as it relates to	In committee	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			the National Environmental Policy Act review process		
	H.R. 1121	R	Protecting American Energy Production Act. Would prohibit any federal executive moratorium on hydraulic fracturing and provides that states have authority over such decisions	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	H.R. 1141	R	Would repeal the natural gas tax made part of the 2022 Inflation Reduction Act	Incorporated into H.R. 1023 above	O&G
	H.R. 1142	R	To amend the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to require consideration of economic impact in making a listing decision with respect to the list of threatened and endangered species	In committee	Both
	H.R. 1172	D	California Clean Coast Act of 2023. Would “permanently prohibit oil and gas leasing off the coast of the State of California”	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1205	R	To amend the Mineral Leasing Act to streamline the oil and gas permitting process and to recognize fee ownership for certain oil and gas drilling or spacing units	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1335	R	Transparency, Accountability, Permitting, and Production of American Resources Act or the TAPP American Resources Act. Would “restart onshore and offshore oil, gas, and coal leasing, streamline permitting for energy infrastructure, [and] ensure transparency in energy development on Federal lands”	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1362	R	Saving America’s Energy Future Act. Would “prohibit the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture from issuing a moratorium on issuing new oil and gas leases and drill permits on certain Federal lands”	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1435	R	Preserving Choice for Vehicle Purchases Act. Would restrict the EPA from issuing any waiver for new regulations that would ban the sale or use of new motor vehicles with internal combustion engines	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1443	D	Florida Coastal Protection Act. Would make permanent the current drilling moratorium off the coast of Florida	In committee	Both
	H.R. 1483	D	End Oil and Gas Tax Subsidies Act of 2023. Would amend the Internal Revenue Code regarding multiple oil and gas provisions, subsidies, and tax credits	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 1615/ S. 240	R	Gas Stove Protection and Freedom Act. Would prevent the Consumer Product Safety Commission from banning gas stoves and also limits the agency’s ability to regulate the products	H.R. 1615 passed House; to Senate	O&G
	H.R. 1640/ S. 1859	R	Save Our Gas Stoves Act. Would prohibit the Department of Energy from issuing federal standards for gas stoves	H.R. 1640 passed House; to Senate	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	H.R. 2811	R	Limit, Save, Grow Act of 2023. Republican debt limit increase bill; would raise the debt limit through March 31, 2024, or until the debt increases by \$1.5 trillion; contains many pro-energy provisions contained in H.R. 1 that passed House in March but “dead on arrival” in Senate	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	H.R. 2925	R	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024. Sets forth a process to allow mine operations to use, occupy, and conduct operations (e.g., construction of roads and other mining infrastructure activity) on public land regardless of whether a mineral deposit has been discovered on the land	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	H.R. 3326	D	Public Land Renewable Energy Development Act. To promote the development of renewable energy on public lands	In committee	Renewable
	H.R. 3397	R	Would require the withdrawal of the Bureau of Land Management proposed rule, <i>Conservation and Landscape Health</i> , that seeks to put conservation land management on par with other federal land use such as oil and gas development	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 3774	R	Stop Harboring Iranian Petroleum Act. Requires the President to impose visa- and property-blocking sanctions against foreign persons that knowingly transport, process, refine, or otherwise deal in petroleum and petroleum products originating in Iran. These sanctions also extend to certain foreign persons associated with the sanctioned individual, such as adult family members and any entities owned or controlled by the sanctioned individual	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	H.R. 4030	D	To amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to prohibit oil and gas leasing in certain areas of the Outer Continental Shelf	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 4301	D	Bonding Reform and Taxpayer Protection Act of 2023. To amend the Mineral Leasing Act to make certain adjustments to the regulation of surface-disturbing activities and to protect taxpayers from unduly bearing the reclamation costs of oil and gas development	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 4302	D	Transparency in Energy Production Act of 2023. To provide for the accurate reporting of fossil fuel extraction and emissions by entities with leases on public land	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 4374	R	Energy Opportunities for All Act. Would nullify a June 2023 Bureau of Land Management order that blocked mineral development surrounding the Chaco Canyon National Historic Park for 20 years	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 4785	D	Fracturing Responsibility and Awareness of Chemicals Act of 2023, or FRAC Act. Would authorize the Environment Protection Agency to regulate hydraulic fracturing to protect water resources	In committee	O&G

May 29, 2024

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	H.R. 4824	R	Carbon Sequestration Collaboration Act. Would amend existing law to require the Secretary of Energy to carry out terrestrial carbon sequestration research and development activities. Specifically, the legislation would enhance oversight of Department of Energy clean energy programs and authorize a program to better account for abandoned oil and gas wells	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	H.R. 4877	D/R	Abandoned Well Remediation Research and Development Act. The bill requires the Department of Energy (DOE) to establish a research, development, and demonstration program concerning abandoned oil and gas wells. Under the program, DOE must work to improve (1) data collection on the location of abandoned oil or gas wells; (2) the plugging, remediation, reclamation, and repurposing of the wells; and (3) strategies to mitigate potential environmental impacts of documented and undocumented abandoned wells. The program terminates after five years	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	H.R. 5073	R/D	Promoting Domestic Energy Production Act. Would allow “energy companies to deduct costs, including labor and safety, associated with oil and gas exploration,” specifically allows for the deduction of intangible drilling costs, effectively reversing a provision in last year’s Inflation Reduction Act that targeted domestic oil and gas production by imposing a 15% corporate minimum tax on book income on American oil and gas producers	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 5457/ S. 2812	D	Carbon Dioxide Removal Research and Development Act of 2023. To support carbon dioxide removal research and development	In committee	Both
	H.R. 5482/ S. 2826	R	Energy Poverty Prevention and Accountability Act. To stop the federal government from inflicting energy poverty on the American people; requires reviews of existing energy laws and regulations to determine if they are adversely impacting energy prices and establishes metrics to ensure future laws and regulations do not inflict energy poverty on at risk communities; “responds directly to President Biden’s targeting of resource producing states like Wyoming at the expense of all Americans who benefit from reliable and affordable energy” (House bill sponsor)	In committee	Both
	H.R. 5503	R	Would amend the Fair Labor Standards Act and the National Labor Relations Act to clarify the standard for determining whether an individual is an employee	In committee	Both
	H.R. 5509	D	Electronic Permitting Modernization Act. To streamline the Department of Interior’s permitting process. Permission to use federal lands for various activities would be easier to acquire under	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			the bipartisan bill, which establishes a centralized location to access each type of permit		
	H.R. 5616	R	BRIDGE Production Act of 2023. Would require the Secretary of the Interior to conduct certain offshore lease sales	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 5964	R	Methane Emissions Reduction Act. Would call on the Department of Energy to encourage reductions in the amount of the pollutant produced through the flaring and venting of natural gas and opposing fees on methane emissions	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 6008	R	Requiring Integrity in Conservation Efforts (RICE) Act. Related to the Biden administration's restriction of certain American energy production in the Gulf of Mexico for protection of the Rice's whale, the legislation will prohibit the Biden Administration from circumventing longstanding law and using the court system to regulate energy production across the entire Gulf of Mexico without any public notice, comment, or peer-reviewed science	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 6009	R	Restoring American Energy Dominance Act. Would overturn the BLM proposed rule, <i>Fluid Mineral Leases and Leasing Process</i> , that raises royalty rates, bonding requirements and imposes other burdens on federal oil and gas production	Passed House; to Senate	O&G
	H.R. 6011	R	Right-Of-Way Application Transparency and Accountability Act. The bill "addresses a significant bottleneck in the permitting process for energy projects on federal lands by requiring that federal agencies notify right-of-way applicants if their application is complete within 60 days. Currently, there is no timetable for responding to right-of-way applications	In committee	Both
	H.R. 6212	R	Preserving Recreation, Oceans, Tourism, Environment, and Coastal Towns in Florida Act or the PROTECT Florida Act. Provides for a moratorium on oil and gas leasing and exploration on the outer Continental Shelf off the coast of Florida until 2032	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 6232	D/R	Coordination for Soil Carbon Research and Monitoring Act. Bipartisan bill "to empower the federal government to support interagency work around soil carbon sequestration research and monitoring"	In committee	Both
	H.R. 6285	R	Alaska's Right to Produce Act of 2023. Will reverse the Biden administration's Department of the Interior decision to prohibit oil and gas development on 13 million acres within the National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska (NPR-A). It will also reinstate the lawfully awarded leases that the Biden administration cancelled within the	Passed House; to Senate	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			non-wilderness Coastal Plain of the Artic National Wildlife Refuge (ANWR)		
	H.R. 6474	R	Amends the Energy Policy Act of 2005 to expedite geothermal exploration and development in previously studied or developed areas	In committee	Renewable
	H.R. 6481	R	Amends the Mineral Leasing Act to require the Secretary of the Interior to reimburse the fee for an expression of interest if the expression of interest becomes inactive	In committee	Both
	H.R. 6482	R	Enhancing Geothermal Production on Federal Lands Act. Amends the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 to promote timely exploration for geothermal resources under geothermal leases	In committee	Renewable
	H.R. 6530	R	Energy Parity Act. Requires parity for royalty rates across all energy sources	In committee	Both
	H.R. 6665	R	Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act or the MARKET CHOICE Act. To eliminate certain fuel excise taxes and impose a tax on greenhouse gas emissions to provide revenue for maintaining and building American infrastructure	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 7006	R	Prohibits Natural Asset Companies, or any similar entity, from entering into any agreement that would impact land in the state of Utah, Per bill sponsor, if NACs were to be permitted in the United States, private interests, including foreign-controlled sovereign wealth funds, could invest in a NAC to either purchase or manage public and private lands. In the case of private land, NACs could acquire the management rights to conservation easements without the landowners' consent	In committee	Both
	H.R. 7008	R	Judicial Review Timeline Clarity Act. Would set a deadline of 60 days for entities to file a suit to challenge the issuance of a permit for discharge of dredged or fill material	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 7013	R	Confidence in Clean Water Permits Act. Would amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act with respect to the scope of national pollutant discharge elimination system permit discharge authorizations and the expression of effluent limitations	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 7021	R	Water Quality Criteria Development and Transparency Act. Amends the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to establish more transparent procedures for the development of water quality criteria by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) often used for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits, which would provide for additional public participation and limited judicial review	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	H.R. 7023	R	Nationwide Permitting Improvement Act. Would streamline the Nationwide Permit (NWP) process and maintains certainty for regulated entities involved in improving U.S. energy production, transportation infrastructure, and other commercial activities.	Passed House; to Senate	Both
	H.R. 7024	R	Among other tax provisions, “increases depreciation allowances to promote economic innovation and growth” by extending the benefits of 100% bonus depreciation, enhanced interest deductibility, and immediate expensing of domestic research and development (R&D) expenses	In committee	Both
	H.R. 7026	R	Reducing Permitting Uncertainty Act. Amends the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to clarify when the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency has the authority to prohibit the specification of a defined area, or deny or restrict the use of a defined area for specification, as a disposal site under the Act	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 7176	R	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2024. To repeal restrictions on the export and import of natural gas	Passed House	O&G
	H.R. 7370	R	To amend the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 to establish a deadline for processing applications related to geothermal leasing	In committee	Renewable
	H.R. 7375	R	Amend the Mineral Leasing Act to improve the assessment of expression of interest fees	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 7377	R	Royalty Resiliency Act. To amend the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982 to improve the management of royalties from oil and gas leases, and for other purposes. Currently, until a communization agreement (CA) is approved by the Interior Department the lessee is mandated by ONRR to pay the federal government a 100% royalty rate on production, even in cases where the federal government does not own 100% of the land used during a project. This bill ensures that the Federal Government only charges operators the correct percentage that corresponds with their land ownership	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 7409	R	Harnessing Energy at Thermal Sources (HEATS) Act. Would speed up U.S. energy production by streamlining geothermal energy infrastructure development and production. The HEATS Act would expedite geothermal energy production by clarifying that geothermal operators do not need a federal drilling permit for wells that are on state and private lands where the subsurface geothermal estate is less than 50% federal. While operators would be exempt from federal permitting requirements, they would still be subject to state permitting regulations	In committee	Renewable

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	H.R. 7422	D	To amend the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 to provide cost-recovery authority for the Department of the Interior; allows for cost recovery from geothermal leasing, permitting, and inspections	In committee	Renewable
	H.R. 8214	D	To ratify and approve all authorizations, permits, verifications, extensions, biological opinions, incidental take statements, and any other approvals or orders issued pursuant to Federal law necessary for the establishment and administration of the Coastal Plain oil and gas leasing program	In committee	O&G
	H.R. 9456	R	Promoting Local Management of the Lesser Prairie Chicken Act. Amends the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to exclude certain populations of the lesser prairie chicken from the authority of such Act by putting their habitats and protection under local control	In committee	Both
	H. Con. Res. 17	R	“Expressing the sense of Congress that the Federal Government should not impose any restrictions on the export of crude oil or other petroleum products”	In committee	O&G
	H. Con. Res. 90	R	Resolution urges a return to permitting LNG exports for the sake of economic prosperity and national security, and condemning the Biden Administration for halting LNG exports	In committee	O&G
	H.J. Res. 46	R	Resolution of disapproval to rescind Biden administration rulemaking to retain the regulatory definition of habitat within the Endangered Species Act	In committee	Both
	H.J. Res. 157	R	Providing for disapproval to rescind the rule submitted by the National Marine Fisheries Service relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Listing Endangered and Threatened Species and Designating Critical Habitat”	In committee	O&G
	H.J. Res. 158	R	Providing for disapproval to rescind the rule submitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Listing Endangered and Threatened Species and Designating Critical Habitat”	In committee	O&G
	H. Res. 339	R	Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that an “all-of-the-above” energy strategy is the most viable approach to energy policy	In committee	Both
✓	H. Res. 987	R	Resolution denouncing “the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration”	Adopted in House	Both
✓	H. Res. 1085	R	To consider bills and resolutions aimed at repealing section 134 of the Clean Air Act, prohibiting a moratorium on hydraulic fracturing, requiring the Dept. of Land Management to withdraw proposed rules relating to fluid mineral leases and leasing processes, expressing the sense of Congress that a carbon tax would be detrimental to the economy, denouncing the	Adopted 3/20/24	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and amending section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to codify certain regulatory provisions relating to nationwide permits for dredged or fill material		
	S. 11	R	Secure Auction For Energy Reserves Act of 2023, or SAFER Act of 2023. Would “amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to require the Secretary of Energy to stipulate, as a condition on the sale at auction of any petroleum products from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, that the petroleum products not be exported to certain countries, [and] to prohibit such sales to certain state-owned entities”	In committee	O&G
	S. 19	R	Fracturing Regulations are Effective in State Hands Act, or the FRESH Act. The bill would clarify that a State has the sole authority to regulate hydraulic fracturing on Federal land within the boundaries of the State	In committee	O&G
	S. 20	R	Federal Land Freedom Act of 2023. The bill serves to achieve domestic energy independence by empowering States to control the development and production of all forms of energy on all available Federal land. In short, the bill provides an avenue for state governments to lease, permit and regulate oil and gas exploration and development on federal lands located within their borders	In committee	Both
	S. 23	R	Promoting Cross-Border Energy Infrastructure Act. The bill would eliminate a requirement that gives the president sole permit authority over cross-border crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas and electric transmission infrastructure approvals. Instead, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent government agency, and Department of Energy would approve cross-border permits for petroleum and transmission lines, respectively	In committee	O&G
	S. 31	R	Strategic Production Response (SPR) Act. Would prohibit the Secretary of Energy from tapping the SPR for reasons other than a severe energy supply interruption until the secretary of the Interior issues a plan to increase oil and gas production on federal lands and waters	In committee	O&G
	S. 64	R	Water Rights Protection Act of 2023. Would “prohibit the conditioning of any permit, lease, or other use agreement on the transfer of any water right to the United States by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture”	In committee	Both
	S. 67	D	Fair and Transparent Gas Prices Act of 2023. A bill to require the Federal Trade Commission to conduct a study on conduct related to oil and gas prices	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
	S. 282	D	Arctic Refuge Protection Act of 2023. Designates a portion of Arctic National Wildlife Refuge as wilderness and would permanently halt any new oil and gas leasing, exploration, development, and drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge on the Coastal Plain	In committee	O&G
	S. 293	R	Fair Access to Banking Act. Would “bar financial institutions from refusing or limiting services to constitutionally protected industries” such as the oil and gas industry	In committee	O&G
	S. 319	R	Protecting Our Wealth of Energy Resources Act of 2023 or the POWER Act. Would prohibit the president or his secretaries of the Interior, Agriculture or Energy from blocking energy or mineral leasing and permitting on federal lands and waters without Congressional approval	In committee	Both
	S. 337	R	Replenishing Our American Reserves Act or the ROAR Act. Amends “the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to require that the Strategic Petroleum Reserve contain petroleum products produced or refined in the United States” and limits SPR sales to certain foreign countries	In committee	O&G
	S. 373/ H.R. 913	R/D	Reinvesting in Shoreline Economies and Ecosystems Act of 2023 or the RISEE Act of 2023. This bipartisan measure would lift the cap on federal offshore energy revenue returns to 38 coastal states, including those lining the Great Lakes, which is currently subject to a combined cap of about \$375 million per year. The bill would also establish an offshore wind revenue sharing model; dedicate funding to the National Oceans and Coastal Security Fund; and eliminate an administrative fee under the Mineral Leasing Act to revert “the royalty structure under the Mineral Leasing Act back to an equal split between the federal government and inland energy producing states by eliminating a 2 percent fee that the Department of the Interior collects to administer the onshore revenue sharing program”	In committee	Both
	S. 438	R	Natural Gas Export Expansion Act. Would “amend the Natural Gas Act to provide for expanded natural gas exports.” Specifically, the bill “would expedite the federal approval process for exporting liquefied natural gas (LNG) and increase free trade, particularly as European countries are rapidly seeking new sources of clean, reliable energy”	In committee	O&G
	S. 534	D	Buffalo Tract Protection Act. Withdraws specified Bureau of Land Management lands in Placitas, New Mexico, from (1) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws; and (2) disposition under the mineral leasing, mineral materials, and geothermal leasing laws. Any conveyance of the	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			surface estate of such federal land shall require a reservation of the mineral estate to the United States		
	S. 535	R	Bureau of Land Management Mineral Spacing Act. To streamline the oil and gas permitting process and to recognize fee ownership for certain oil and gas drilling or spacing units	In committee	O&G
	S. 542	R/D	CCU Parity Act of 2023. Would “amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the applicable dollar amount for qualified carbon oxide which is captured and utilized for purposes of the carbon oxide sequestration credit.” Specifically, the bill “would increase the tax credit for carbon capture and utilization to match the incentives for carbon capture and sequestration for both direct air capture and the power and industrial sectors”	In committee	Both
	S. 617	D	Clean Ocean and Safe Tourism Anti-Drilling Act or COAST Anti-Drilling Act. Would “amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to permanently prohibit the conduct of offshore drilling on the outer Continental Shelf in the Mid-Atlantic, South Atlantic, North Atlantic, and Straits of Florida planning areas”	In committee	Both
	S. 678	R/D	No Oil Producing and Exporting Cartels Act of 2023 or NOPEC. This bipartisan bill, “would explicitly authorize the Justice Department to bring lawsuits against oil cartel members for antitrust violations. It would clarify that neither sovereign immunity nor the ‘Act of State’ doctrine prevents a court from ruling on antitrust charges brought against foreign governments for engaging in illegal pricing, production and distribution of petroleum products”	In committee	O&G
	S. 782	R	Furthering Resource Exploration and Empowering American Energy Act or the FREE American Energy Act. Would “require applicable Federal agencies to take action on applications for Federal energy authorizations.” Specifically, the bill would remove barriers for approvals and authorizations for energy infrastructure projects, pipelines, oil and gas lease sales, and alternative energy production	In committee	Both
	S. 879	R	Energy Freedom Act. Would accelerate “federal permitting for energy projects and pipelines, mandating new onshore and offshore oil and gas lease sales, approving pending liquified natural gas (LNG) export licenses, and generally speeding up solar, wind, and geothermal development”	In committee	Both
	S. 947	R	Lower Energy Costs Act. Would “lower energy costs by increasing American energy production, exports, infrastructure, and critical minerals processing, by promoting transparency, accountability, permitting, and production of	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			American resources, and by improving water quality certification and energy projects”		
	S. 1088	R	Authorizes the State of North Dakota to relinquish state-owned lands and minerals contained within the Tribal Reservations to the U.S. Department of the Interior and, in exchange, receive federal land and minerals of equal value within North Dakota	In committee	Both
	S. 1399	D	Building American Energy Security Act of 2023 (Manchin). Establishes requirements to accelerate the environmental review of federal agency actions that involve certain energy infrastructure or critical mineral projects, including approval of the Mountain Valley Pipeline	In committee	Both
	S. 1404	D	Chaco Cultural Heritage Area Protection Act. To protect Chaco Canyon and the greater sacred landscape surrounding the Chaco Culture National Historical Park; “would prevent future leasing and development of oil, gas and minerals on more than 316,000 acres of non-Indian federal lands that are within a 10-mile buffer zone around the Chaco Culture National Historical Park”	In committee	O&G
	S. 1435	R	Would require the Bureau of Land Management to withdraw a proposed rule relating to conservation and landscape health that could inhibit energy production on federal public lands	In committee	O&G
	S. 1449	R	Revitalizing the Economy by Simplifying Timelines and Assuring Regulatory Transparency Act or the RESTART Act. Covers key reforms in the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee jurisdiction, “including provisions to streamline the agency review process with enforceable timelines, implement time limits to prevent endless legal challenges, and modernize current laws while maintaining environmental protections”	In committee	Both
	S. 1456	R	Spur Permitting of Underdeveloped Resources Act or the SPUR Act. Includes “provisions to increase domestic energy and mineral development, ensure federal lands remain open to productive uses, and streamline permitting of energy infrastructure”	In committee	Both
	S. 1622/ H.R. 3377	D	End Speculative Oil and Gas Leasing Act. Would prohibit oil and gas leasing on public lands that have low or no potential for oil and gas development; would update the Bureau of Land Management’s administration of public lands, cut wasteful speculation, and allow lands with low or no potential to be reprioritized for more appropriate purposes, including wildlife habitat preservation, outdoor recreation, and grazing	In committee	O&G
	S. 1634	D	Colorado Outdoor Recreation & Economy (CORE) Act. Would protect over 420,000 acres of public land in Colorado, establishing new wilderness areas and safeguarding existing outdoor recreation	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			opportunities to boost the economy for future generations. Prohibits new oil and gas development in areas important to ranchers and sportsmen		
	S. 1707	D	Block All New (BAN) Fossil Fuel Exports Act. The bill would reimpose a ban on the export of American crude oil and natural gas abroad	In committee	O&G
	S. 1776	D	Protecting Unique and Beautiful Landscapes by Investing in California (PUBLIC) Lands Act. A conservation bill that would restore and expand protections for over 1 million acres of California's public lands	In committee	O&G
	S. 1863	D/R	Providing Reliable, Objective, Verifiable Emissions Intensity and Transparency Act of 2023, or the PROVE IT Act of 2023. This bipartisan bill, would direct the Department of Energy "to conduct a comprehensive study comparing the emissions intensity of certain goods produced in the United States to the emissions of those same goods produced in the other countries" to level the playing field for domestic producers and manufacturers who are forced to compete against rivals with little to no standards	Passed Senate cmte	O&G
	S. 1923	R	Protect Our Power Plants Act of 2023, or the POPP Act of 2023. Would block the EPA from forcing fossil fuel power plants to reduce their carbon emissions significantly by 2040 by nullifying a pending EPA proposed rule.	In committee	O&G
	S. 1947/ H.R. 4072	D	A bill to direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to conduct a measurement-based national methane research pilot study to quantify methane emissions from certain oil and gas infrastructure	In committee	O&G
	S. 2002	D/R	Carbon Removal, Efficient Agencies, Technology Expertise (CREATE) Act. To advance carbon capture, utilization, and storage technologies, the bill "boosts research and development of carbon removal technologies that advance global sustainability by removing harmful greenhouse gas emissions from the air"	In committee	O&G
	S. 2028	R	Expediting Natural Gas Exports to Allies Act of 2023. Would amend the Natural Gas Act to authorize expedited approval of applications to export natural gas to certain allies of the United States	In committee	O&G
	S. 2389	R	Offshore Energy Security Act of 2023. Would mandate two offshore oil and gas lease sales in 2024 and two sales in 2025; provides certainty to offshore energy producers to continue investing in the United States; and preserves the value of the 5-year offshore leasing program that has yet to be finalized by the Biden	In committee	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			administration and which further delays offshore production		
	S. 2820/ H.R. 5499	R	Congressional Oversight of the Antiquities Act. Would amend the Antiquities Act to increase Congressional oversight with respect to the designation of national monuments to prohibit unilateral designations by the President without sufficient public input or Congressional oversight	In committee	Both
	S. 2986	R	A bill to prohibit the issuance of an interim or final rule, and to prohibit the inclusion in certain oil and gas leases, exploration or development plans, or well permits requirements or recommendations, that establish a vessel speed or operational restriction in the Central or Western Planning Area of the Gulf of Mexico of the outer Continental Shelf until the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce complete a study demonstrating that proposed mitigation efforts would have no negative impact on supply chains, United States offshore energy production and generation, military activities, including readiness, and United States commercial and recreational fishing maritime commerce	In committee	O&G
	S. 2991	D/R	America's Revegetation and Carbon Sequestration Act of 2023. A bipartisan piece of legislation that aims to restore ecosystems and boost carbon storage and sequestration through tree planting, fire risk reduction projects, and expanded use of forest products and new wood technologies	In committee	Both
	S. 3033	D	Pecos Watershed Protection Act. Would protect portions of the Pecos Watershed in northern New Mexico from mining	In committee	N/A (mining)
	S. 3198	R	Foreign Pollution Fee Act of 2023. The bill aims to promote and expand American domestic energy production and manufacturing while punishing foreign countries, such as China, who ignore environmental standards at the expense of the American economy, by imposing certain fees tied to the pollution intensity of those imports	In committee	O&G
	S. 3201	D	Stop Arctic Ocean Drilling Act of 2023. Would prohibit drilling in the Arctic areas of the Outer Continental Shelf	In committee	O&G
	S. 3445	R	Supporting Made in America Energy Act. Bolsters energy independence by requiring the Department of the Interior to hold four onshore oil and gas lease sales in the top oil and gas producing states as well as requiring two offshore oil and gas lease sales in each available area in the Gulf of Mexico and Alaska	In committee	O&G
	S. 3496/ H.R. 7053	D/R	Orphan Well Grant Flexibility Act. Allows states to fast-track remediation of orphaned wells by	In committee	O&G

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			expediting funding and removing burdens to remediation		
	S. 3655	R	Strategically Lowering Gas Prices Act. Would prohibit the Biden administration from releasing oil from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) until any executive orders blocking energy development on federal land that would otherwise be available for leasing are revoked	In committee	O&G
	S. 5124/ H.R. 9344	D	Chaco Cultural Heritage Area Protection Act. Would protect Chaco Canyon and the greater landscape surrounding the Chaco Culture National Historical Park and prevent future leasing and development of oil, gas, and minerals on federal lands that are located within a 10-mile buffer zone around the park	In committee	O&G
	S. 5205	D/R	Abandoned Well Remediation Research and Development Act. Would amend the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act to require the Secretary of Energy to establish an abandoned wells research, development, and demonstration program	In committee	O&G
	S. 5214/ H.R. 8991	D	Methane Emissions Research Act of 2022. A bill to direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to conduct a measurement-based national methane research pilot study to quantify methane emissions from certain oil and gas infrastructure	In committee	O&G
	S. 5216	D	Close Big Oil Tax Loopholes Act. Aims to eliminate tax incentives for large oil companies and includes any oil and gas company with gross receipts over \$50 million, and includes new provisions to eliminate the enhanced oil recovery credit for companies with gross receipts over \$50 million, and eliminate access to the 45Q credit for all enhanced oil recovery operations	In committee	O&G
	S. 5217	D	Use it or Lose it Act. A bill to promote the diligent development of Federal oil and gas leases. Requires the Secretary of the Interior to establish development benchmarks and requirements for lease holders to hit after securing a federal oil and gas lease and implements a \$10/acre annual fee on federal oil and gas leases that don't produce oil or gas in a given year. The Secretary would be required to adjust the fee at least once every 5 years to ensure that it adequately incentivizes the diligent development of leases	In committee	O&G
	S.J. Res. 23	R	A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval of the National Marine Fisheries Service rule relating to "Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Regulations for Listing Endangered and Threatened Species and Designating Critical Habitat" that would narrow	Passed Senate	Both

State/ Session Dates	Bill No.	Party Sponsor (D/R)	Description	Status	Bill Type: Oil & Gas/ Renewable
			the Endangered Species Act definition of “critical habitat”		
	S.J. Res. 63/ H.J. Res. 116	R	A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval of the rule submitted by the U.S. Department of Labor relating to “Employee or Independent Contractor Classification Under the Fair Labor Standards Act”	In committee	Both
	S.J. Res. 78/ H.J. Res. 154	R	A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Land Management relating to "Fluid Mineral Leases and Leasing Process"	In committee	O&G
	S. Res. 386/ H. Res. 758	R	Designating Oct. 4 as National Energy Appreciation Day to celebrate the people who work to power the United States and the economy of the United States and to build awareness of the important role that the energy producers of the United States play in reducing poverty, strengthening national security, and improving the quality of life for people around the world	In committee	Both
TOTAL BILLS: 569					